July 19, 1770. NUMB. 2169.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

By the PATTY, *Captain* HARDIE, *from Liſbon, we have the following Advices, viz.*

WARSAW, *April* 14.

THE Letters that arrive from the interior Parts of the Kingdom, give us Hopes that the Spirit of Confederacies is pretty well over, many of the People concerned being convinced, that their perſevering in them can only tend to their own Ruin, and that of the State.

Utrecht, May 2. We have Advice, by the Way of Raguſa, that the Muſcovites, after being joined by the Greeks, have made themſelves Maſters of Meſolongi, Patras, and two other Places. The following Event happened at Meſolongi: The Turkiſh Governor, finding the Enemy would become Maſters of the Place, went to the Syndic to make his Submiſſion; but the latter, from his inveterate hatred to the Governor, killed him. The Chief of the revolted Greeks, being informed of the Affair, ordered the Syndic to be hanged, for ſuch an enormous Act of Injuſtice to a Man who came to deliver himſelf up to him.

Vienna, April 21. At ſix o'Clock this Evening the Court aſſembled in the Church of the Auguſtins, paſſing through the Gallery which leads to it from the Palace. This Gallery was illuminated from one End to the other with Wax Lights in Glaſs Sconces, ornamented with Flowers; on each Side of it were two Lines of Grenadiers; and the Veſtibule at the Top of the Stairs, leading to the Auguſtins, was decorated with large Luſtres and Sconces, faſtened by Cords, formed into Feſtoons of Flowers.

Near the high Altar, on the Goſpel Side, was a Canopy, under which were two Chairs of State for their Imperial Majeſties: At a ſmall Diſtance from this Canopy, and in the ſame Line, were other State Chairs for the Royal Family: An Alcove, with two State Chairs, was erected in the Front of the Altar for the Archduke Ferdinand, the Proxy for the Dauphin, to eſpouſe the Archduchеſs in his Name.

When their Majeſties were ſeated under the Canopy, the Archduke Ferdinand and the Archduchеſs took the Places appropriated for them in the Front of the Altar, which was magnificently adorned. After the Benediction of the Nuptial Rings by M. Viſconti, the Pope's Nuncio, aſſiſted by ſeveral Biſhops and Mitred Abbées, and by the Clergy of the Court, their Royal Highneſſes advanced to the Altar, and that Prelate gave them the Nuptial Benediction, with the uſual Ceremonies. He then began the Te Deum, which was performed amidſt a double Diſcharge of the Cannon of the Ramparts, and the Muſquetry of one Battalion, by the Muſic of the Court, conſiſting of above One Hundred Muſicians; after which, the Court returned to the Palace, the Empreſs Queen handing the Dauphineſs.

After this Ceremony the Dauphineſs admitted the Ladies to an Audience, and to kiſs her Hand; there followed a public Supper, Concerts, Balls, &c.

Warſaw, April 25. By Letters this Moment received from Cracow there is Advice, that the Sieur Byerzynſki, Marſhal of the Confederacy of Siradia, was ſhot on Good Friday (the 13th of this Month) in the Camp of the Confederates; having previouſly been declared, "guilty of High Treaſon, unworthy of the Name of Gentleman, and an Enemy to the Country, for permitting the Eſcape of the Counts Grabowſki, and committing all Kinds of Exceſſes, in roving from one Palatinate to another, and every where extorting Money, with the View of enriching himſelf."

The Confederacies are almoſt all annihilated in Great Poland: Col. Ronne hath diſperſed them, and convoked a great Part of the Magnates to meet at Poſnania, on the firſt of next Month, in order to form a Counter-confederacy.

We have received here a Copy of a Manifeſto of the general Confederacy againſt the King, and a Letter from Marſhal Dzierzanowſki, filled with violent Expreſſions againſt his Majeſty; but theſe Pieces are kept ſecret. We are well informed that ſeveral Potentates of Europe have aſſured our Sovereign, that they will ſupport him on the Throne.

We learn from Lublin, that the Ruſſian Colonel Suwarow, who has for a long Time been in Purſuit of Marſhal Pulawſki, at length came up with him in the Palatinate of Sendomir, and hath totally defeated him. The Ruſſians have taken 5 Pieces of Cannon, and ſuffered ſcarcely any Loſs, as the Confederates made no Reſiſtance. We are aſſured that Marſhal Pulawſki is made Priſoner."

From the Confines of Italy, April 19. According to Advices from Conſtantinople, the Inhabitants there are in great Conſternation. Six Ships of War, fitted out from the Arſenal, have been found in ſo bad Condition, that the Crews have been obliged to keep the Pumps going inceſſantly.

Peterſburgh, April 17. The Troops of the Empreſs having made a Conqueſt of Moldavia and Walachia, the Inhabitants of thoſe Provinces have not only taken the Oath of Fidelity to her Imperial Majeſty in the Preſence of her Generals, but a Deputation is alſo arrived here from the States of the Provinces, to declare how much they deſire to live under the Dominion of her Imperial Majeſty, and to implore her Protection. On the 8th Inſtant theſe Deputies had an Audience of the Empreſs, who received them very graciouſly, and gave them the ſtrongeſt Aſſurances of her Regard. Our Miniſters have ſince been employed in concerting the moſt proper Meaſures to protect thoſe Provinces againſt the Attacks of the Ottoman Troops.

Warſaw, April 28. It is ſaid that the Confederates have this Year had 3000 Men killed, and as many taken Priſoners, and loſt 30 Pieces of Cannon.

Hamburgh, May 4. Letters from Poland adviſe, that ſome Thouſands of the Turks having paſſed the Danube, a ſmart Action enſued between them and the Ruſſians, to the Diſadvantage of the former, who in Conſequence were obliged to repaſs that River: But as neither Time nor Place is mentioned, this News ſeems to ſtand in need of Confirmation.

Peſcara, April 18. The laſt Accounts received at Leghorn from Corfou, confirm the plundering the ſtrong Town of Patroſſa by the Ruſſians and Greeks. The Turks who were there, defended themſelves to the laſt, till all the Greeks who were in the Town took up Arms againſt them, backed by 2000 Ruſſians, and 10,000 Manotes, when all the Turks where cut to Pieces. It is ſaid the Turks abandoned all the Morea after this. The Montenegrins, we are aſſured, are in full Action, and have already entered Macedonia.

LONDON, May 8.

We are informed that Conferences are held every Day at C------n H---e with ſome of the M------y.

We are informed that 20,000l. will be wanted to defray the extra Expences in America.

It is ſaid, a noble Lord has been repeatedly aſked to give his Authority for aſſerting, that both France and Spain entertain hoſtile Deſigns againſt Great-Britain, but without Effect.

We are informed, that the monied Men, Friends of Adminiſtration, have exerted themſelves ſo effectually, that there are not now any Tickets unſubſcribed for.

It is reported, that the C---l L-ſt is already near two Months in Arrear.

It is whiſpered, that an Appeal, of an extraordinary Nature, is now actually preparing by the Chiefs of the Minority, and will be laid before the Tribunal of the People in a little Time.

It is ſaid, that A----------n are greatly at a Loſs how to act, with Reſpect to the Colonies; ſome adviſing lenitive Meaſures as the propereſt Method of bringing them to Reaſon, and to ſuffer their Aſſemblies to levy Taxes as before; others are for coercive Means of bringing them to Reaſon. A Writer of this Day, in a Card to Lord N---h, ſays, "Send directly a Fleet of Men of War and Frigates, and block up all the refractory Ports of North America; do not ſuffer a Ship to go out, but to their Mother Country, until they ſubmit to the Legiſlative Power of Great-Britain. This, and this only, will bring theſe ſtubborn People to their Duty."

We hear that a certain Great Man has declared, he has ſomething yet in Petto, that will put the Miniſtry to greater Difficulties than any Thing he has hitherto propoſed.

May 15. Yeſterday, after breaking up of the Court at St. James's, the Ruſſian Ambaſſador had a Conference with his Majeſty.

Earl Temple, the Earl of Suffolk, Lord Lyttelton, the Right Hon. George Grenville, and Thomas Pitt, Eſq; dined with Lord Mansfield, at his Lordſhip's Houſe in Cain-wood, on Saturday laſt.

Yeſterday the Earl of Chatham came to Town from Hayes, and viſited the Marquis of Rockingham, where the Dukes of Richmond and Portland, Earl Temple, and ſome others of the Nobility, were preſent; his Lordſhip afterwards dined with Earl Temple, and this Day he will go to the Houſe of Peers.

After the Diviſion in a certain Society on Wedneſday laſt, a Gentleman in Adminiſtration exultingly told a worthy Baronet in Oppoſition, that they had gained a complete Victory: "No Wonder, replied the Baronet, *Your Troops are better paid than ours.*"

Counſellor Wedderburn, ſpeaking of American Affairs a few Days ago, ſaid, "In the Reign of Charles the Second you conquered America---in the Reign of George the Third you loſt America; for I cannot conſider it now as any Part of the Britiſh Empire."

We hear, that the making of Indigo in the Britiſh Plantations will be encouraged by Parliament.

Mr. Baron Smythe, we hear, is to be appointed Lord Keeper of the Great Seal, and the Recorder of London to be made one of the Barons of the Exchequer in his Room.

If theſe Appointments take Place, Mr. Dunning is talked of for Recorder in the Room of Mr. Eyre.

Yeſterday a Court of Common-Council was held at Guildhall, when a Motion was made, that an humble Petition, Addreſs, and Remonſtrance, be preſented to his Majeſty reſpecting the Middleſex Election, and the Anſwer given by his Majeſty to the Petition, Addreſs, and Remonſtrance of the Livery of London.

A Motion was made, that the Part reſpecting the Anſwer given by his Majeſty ſhould be left out, when, on a Diviſion, 7 Aldermen, and 104 Commoners, were for retaining the Part reſpecting his Majeſty's Anſwer; and 8 Aldermen, and 57 Commoners, were for rejecting the Part reſpecting his Majeſty's Anſwer, and for confining it to the Middleſex Election only.

Then a Motion was made, that a Committee be appointed, and that they do immediately withdraw and prepare an humble Petition, Addreſs, and Remonſtrance, reſpecting the Middleſex Election, and the Anſwer given by his Majeſty to the Livery Addreſs, &c. And the following Committee was appointed, viz.

Aldermen. Trecothick, Stephenſon, Croſby, Townſend, Sawbridge, Wilkes.

Commoners. Geo. Bellas, Eſq; Mr. Beardmore, S. Freeman, Eſq; Deputy Judd, Deputy Sainſbury, Mr. Sharp, Mr. Anderſon, Mr. Biſhop, Mr. Burford, Mr. William Wilſon, Mr. Plomer, Mr. Shove.

They withdrew, and prepared the Addreſs, &c. accordingly, and preſented it to the Court. On a Diviſion, For the Addreſs, &c. 7 Aldermen, and 91 Commoners: Againſt it, 6 Aldermen, and 40 Commoners.

A Motion was then made, that the Thanks of the Court be given Lord Chatham, for his late Conduct in Parliament, and for his Zeal ſhewn for the more ſacred Right of Election, and of petitioning, and for the Promiſe of his Endeavours to ſupport an independent and more equal Repreſentation.

Reſolved, That the following Gentlemen wait on Lord Chatham with the ſaid Thanks, viz.

Aldermen. Stephenſon, Croſby, Trecothick, Townſend.

Commoners. Dep. Cockſedge, G. Bellas, Eſq; Dep. Judd, S. Freeman, Eſq; Mr. Beardmore, Mr. Sharp, Dep. Townſend, Mr. Anderſon.

The Right Hon. Lord Mayor took Notice of a Letter, which a few Days ago was publiſhed in a Morning Paper, reflecting on his Lordſhip's Humanity, and want of Reſpect to the Laws of the Land, and the Duties of a Magiſtrate; which his Lordſhip treated with proper Indifference: However, a Member of the Court moved, that the Printer ſhould be proſecuted; but his Lordſhip ſignifying his Diſregard of the Publication, no more was ſaid about it.

The Aldermen preſent at the above Court, were, the Lord Mayor, Ladbroke, Alſop, Bridgen, Stephenſon, Harley, Kite, Banks, Eſdaile, Peers, Kennet, Roſſiter, Townſend, Sawbridge, and Wilkes.

As ſoon as the Court was up, the Sheriffs were diſpatched to know his Majeſty's Pleaſure, when he would be pleaſed to receive the ſame.

It is ſaid, that the Occaſion of holding the above Court was on Account of ſeveral Perſons having alledged, that the late Petition and Addreſs for an Anſwer to the Remonſtrance of the Livery, was not properly a Corporation Act, being obtained by only a Part of the Livery; and that therefore the above Motions were again made in the Court of Common Council of Yeſterday.

It is ſaid that a Meeting in the City Yeſterday, as well as ſome former Meetings of the Livery, &c. have been held in Conſequence of Complaints from Lord C----m to my Lord M----r, of want of Support from the City to ſecond his patriotic Motions in an auguſt Aſſembly. It is even ſaid, that a Letter of a very intereſting Nature has been received, that will explain this Matter more fully.

On Sunday Evening laſt there was a Meeting of the Marquis of Rockingham, Earls Chatham, Temple, and ſeveral other noble and patriotic Lords, at his Grace the Duke of Richmond's in Privy-garden, Whitehall.

On Friday Lord North, and other Miniſters of State, had a long Conference with his Majeſty.

On Sunday Evening arrived expreſs from New-Caſtle, a Packet to Sir Francis Blake Delaval, containing a Remonſtrance from that Place, which will be preſented the next Levee-Day.

We hear that the Freeholders of the County of Pembroke are determined to petition the Throne, upon certain Proceedings, which they behold as entirely deſtructive to their Rights and Liberties.

The principal Points inſiſted upon are, we hear, the Impriſonment of the Subject, the Caſe of Allen, and a total Subverſion of the Right of Election.

The Friends of Adminiſtration in both Houſes of Parliament, were ſo certain of Mr. Wilkes paying them a Viſit on Wedneſday laſt, that they frequently came into the Lobbies to reconoitre. Lord D--- particularly of the Upper Houſe, aſked ſeveral Times, "Whether that Fellow (meaning Mr Wilkes) was come yet?"

Mr. Alderman Wilkes has taken a Houſe in Prince's Court, near Great George Street, Weſtminſter, for his Town Reſidence.

Letters from Leghorn, of the 18th of April, ſeem to confirm the Report that the Natives of Egypt had taken the Advantage of the preſent War to throw off the Turkiſh Yoke, and that the famous Ali Beg has been univerſally acknowledged.

The Fleet of Men of War fitting out for the Protection of the Newfoundland Fiſhery, is to conſiſt of 13 Sail, including Sloops; Commodore Byron will hoiſt his Flag on board his Majeſty's Ship Antelope.

The Sheriffs and City Remembrancer, who went Yeſterday to St. James's, to know when his Majeſty would be pleaſed to receive the City's ſecond Addreſs, Remonſtrance, and Petition, are ordered to go again To-morrow for his Majeſty's Anſwer, when he will be waited on by the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Common Council, for that Purpoſe.

A Correſpondent ſays, "The Reception to be given to the ſecond City Petition, Addreſs and Remonſtrance, has been determined on in a late C-----l."

We hear a Meeting of the principal Inhabitants of Weſtminſter will ſoon be held in their Guildhall, to conſider of a ſecond Remonſtrance to the Throne, and that the County of Middleſex will follow the Example.

Extract of a Letter from New-Caſtle, May 12.

"On Thurſday, in Conſequence of Hand Bills diſtributed, a numerous Meeting of the Free Burgeſſes and Freeholders of this Town, was held at Mr. Parker's Long Room, when Thomas Delaval, Eſq; who preſented their Petition to his Majeſty, took the Chair, and acquainted them with the Reception it met with, which not having the deſired Effect, they then came to a Reſolution to follow the Example of the Capital; when a Remonſtrance was drawn up, and ſigned by the Stewards of 23 out of 32 Companies, and a great Number of Freeholders. It was ſent off by an Expreſs, finely decorated with Ribbons, to Sir Francis Blake Delaval, in order to be preſented to his Majeſty on Monday next."

Some Letters from Venice mention, Advice having been received there of a Naval Victory obtained by the Ruſſians over Part of the Turkiſh Fleet, near the Streight of the Dardanelles, in which the latter met with very great Loſs.

We hear that this Day, after breaking up of a Board of Trade and Plantations, ſome Diſpatches were ſent off to Falmouth from Lord Hillſborough's Office, to be forwarded to New York.

Yeſterday the Earl of Chatham was viſited at his Houſe in Pall-mall by the Dukes of Bolton, Richmond, Portland, and Manchеſter; the Marquiſſes of Rockingham and Granby; the Lords Temple, Suffolk, Stanhope, Shelburne, and Lyttleton; Right Hon. George Grenville, and ſeveral other patriotic Noblemen and Gentlemen, who accompanied his Lordſhip to the Houſe of Peers.

The Upper Aſſembly Room was very full Yeſterday, when a patriotic Nobleman made a Motion on a very intereſting Affair, and the Aſſembly ſat late. The Dukes of Glouceſter and Cumberland were preſent.

The Lower Room broke up ſoon, the Affair of America not having been under their Conſideration that Day.

A Coalition has been much talked of ſince the Dining of the Patriots at Lord Mansfield's Seat at Cain-wood on Saturday laſt.

A Writer of this Day gives the following Deſcription of thoſe, who diſtinguiſh themſelves by the Appellation of the King's Friends:----- "*The Men in Queſtion are moſtly of an inferior Origin, low in Rank, and altogether unknown to their S-------n, either in Perſon or Character, and yet theſe Men, by acting in a Body, under a particular Influence and Protection, are enabled to bind Kings in Chains, and Nobles in Fetters. A King's Friend is not a Miniſter, but he is ſomething better, for he enjoys all the Power and Profit of Office, without the Reſponſibility. He does not aim at the higher Departments, but he entrenches himſelf in the Second Line, and makes up in Penſion what he lacks in Place. He is not only amply provided himſelf for Life, but generally, like* Ludamidas *of* Corinth, *he throws his Wife and Children upon his* Friend *alſo, not indeed by* laſt Will, *like the old Grecian, but by* Patent and Reverſion, *which is known to be a much more valid Deed.*"

We are informed, that the Article in ſome of the Papers relative to the Affront ſaid to have been given by Earl T--ple to a Great Perſonage ſome Time ago, is void of Foundation; as is that in ſome of the Papers, relative to Mr. Heaton Wilkes, and Lord N---h.

A great Number of the Livery of the Goldſmiths Company greatly diſapprove of the Reſolution of their Court of Aſſiſtants, relative to the attending Common Halls; for which Reaſon a Meeting is to be held by the Livery To-morrow, to conſider what Steps ought to be taken in the Affair.

Yeſterday a certain City Officer retreated from Guildhall, much chagrined at the frequent Hiſſes of the Populace.

TO BE SOLD,

(During the SUBSCRIBER's Life only)

A CERTAIN lot or piece of ground, ſituate in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth, on Second-ſtreet, 102 feet, and extending from thence to Third-ſtreet 495 feet, ſtill continuing the ſame breadth; bounded on the eaſt by Second-ſtreet aforeſaid, on the weſt by ſaid Third-ſtreet, on the ſouth by a lot formerly Joſeph Growdon's, and on the north by Philip Ford's lot. The above piece of ground is oppoſite the New Market. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſame, is deſired to apply for further information to the ſubſcriber, near the Swedes church, in Wicacoa. MARY GREEN.

For new Advertiſements, ſee the Fourth Page.

LONDON, *May* 8.

Copy of the PROTEST *against the Determination of the H. of* LORDS *on Tuesday last.*

Diſſentient.---Becauſe the Foundations of this Bill being ſo fully laid in the Reaſons contained in two Proteſts entered upon the Journals in this Houſe on 2d Day of Feb. we think it indiſpenſibly neceſſary to proteſt againſt the Rejection of the ſame, to the Intent that it may be delivered down to Poſterity, that this great conſtitutional and effectual Method of remedying an unexampled Grievance, hath not been left unattempted by us; and that, to our own Times, we may ſtand as Men determined to perſevere in renewing, on every Occaſion, our utmoſt Endeavours to obtain that Redreſs, for the violated Rights of the Subject, and for the injured Electors of Great-Britain, which, in the preſent Moment, an over-ruling Fatality hath prevented from taking Effect; thereby refuſing Reparation and Comfort to an oppreſſed and afflicted People.

Chatham, Portland, Plymouth, Rockingham, Abingdon, Boyle, Groſvenor, Stanhope, Ponſonby, Suffolk, Richmond, Radnor, Archer, Fitzwilliam, Temple, Torrington, Rutland, John Bangor, Wycombe, Forteſcue, Huntington, Tankerville, Abergavenny, King, Ferrers, Lyttelton, Bolton, Coventry, Buckinghamſhire, Scarborough, Northumberland, Manchester.

May 10. The late diſturbances at Boſton, have opened the eyes of the Miniſtry, to ſee the fatal conſequences of a childiſh obſtinacy, with reſpect to the making them ſubject to the power of the Britiſh Parliament, without an adequate repreſentation; and it is ſaid has determined them to take off the remaining tax on tea, before the expiration of the preſent ſeſſions, contrary to their late reſolve.

A correſpondent obſerves, that "Our preſent government is a ſtrange mixture of mean indigence, and profuſe expence. A frugality that ſaves nothing to the people, and an expence by which none are benefited but the real enemies of the country. The ſervants of the H---h--d have been almoſt ſtarved, while the tools of a deteſted Junto were fed with the fatteſt morſels.----It were heartily to be wiſhed that a certain great L--y in this Country, would follow the example of the King of France's daughter, and ſhut herſelf up in a convent for ever.

May 12. We hear, that at a Conference lately held at C------ H-----, two of the Members departed after ſome ſtrong Reflections on each other.

Wedneſday the adjourned Debate in the H. of C. on the Tranſactions of Boſton was re-aſſumed. In theſe Debates, Mr. B--ke and Col. B---e made a very conſpicuous Figure, and were ſupported with great Warmth and Spirit. Col. B---e ſaid, "There was ſomething in the Conduct of our M------y ſo truly ridiculous and inconſiſtent, that it amazed him; that though we were daily deceived by our avowed Enemies, and have received repeated Inſults from them, ſtill we continue ſubmiſſive and inactive, and, like a weak and feeble People, ſtoop to Diſgrace without murmuring; whilſt, on the other Hand, if our own Children (the Colonies) who ſprung from our Loins, and who were nouriſhed by our Tenderneſs---if they but murmur at our Tyranny, or commit one trivial Fault, we laſh them with a Rod of Iron, and exerciſe our Authority to the moſt wanton Purpoſes."

Mr. B--ke obſerved, "That we were daily loſing that Dignity among other Nations, which was, in a Manner, our Birthright; that we no longer held that Balance of Power, which we formerly poiſed with ſo much Eaſe; and that if it was recovered again, it muſt be effected by a French ſtale Trick---not by the Weight of our Strength and Power, but by the Weight of our Gold."

A patriotic Earl, in a late eloquent Harangue, told the Leaders of the Adminiſtration, that they might be aſſured there was a Thunder-bolt hanging over their Heads, red with uncommon Wrath, which would, e'er long, fall down, and blaſt the Men, who owed their Greatneſs to their Country's Ruin.

Thoſe who have attended a certain Society inform us, that all the Time of this Seſſions, which has not been ſpent in gloſſing over, and wrangling about a bad Cauſe, has been employed by the Majority, in getting all Manner of Places and Reverſions for themſelves and their Dependents.

Letters from the Hague intimate, that a Treaty of Alliance is now negotiating between the Empreſs of Ruſſia and three Northern Potentates, who, on Condition of their aſſiſting her Majeſty againſt the Turks, are to have the Turkiſh Dominions in Europe (in caſe they ſhould be conquered) divided between them and her Imperial Majeſty, in Proportion to the Aſſiſtance they ſhall give towards making ſuch Conqueſts.

May 24. Mr. E. Burke was two Hours and a Quarter in his Speech in the Houſe of Commons on Wedneſday Evening laſt, on the American Affairs; and went thro' that complicated Buſineſs with ſo much Preciſion and Oratory, that the Perſons in the Gallery could ſcarce refrain clapping him on the Cloſe of it.

CHARLES-TOWN (*South-Carolina*) June 28.

In Conſequence of the Advertiſement by the *general Committee*, in our laſt, there was Yeſterday as numerous and reſpectable a Meeting of the Inhabitants, at *Liberty Tree*, as ever had aſſembled there; who, after chooſing *Charles Pinckney*, Eſq; Chairman for the Day, came to the following Reſolutions, *Nem. Con.* viz.

That as undoubted Intelligence has been received, of ſome of the Inhabitants of the Colony of *Rhode-Iſland* (dead to every Feeling, but a criminal Attachment to their private Intereſt) having been guilty of a Breach of their Agreement, by importing Britiſh Goods, while the Minds of their Countrymen are filled with the greateſt Anxiety for the ſuſpending Fate of their Liberties; and others, of the ſame Colony, not having properly exerted themſelves to prevent ſuch an atrocious Attempt, they are Objects of the ſevereſt Animadverſion, deſerving of every Oppoſition, and ought to be treated as Betrayers of American Liberty, until they ſhall have made ample Satisfaction and Atonement for their heinous Duplicity of Conduct.

That therefore all commercial Intercourſe and Dealing between us and them, ſhall immediately and finally ceaſe and determine, except, that *ſuch Goods as are already ordered* from thence, or are *expected in Payment*, by Perſons *now actually reſiding in this Province*, may be landed and received, if they arrive in *one Month* from this Date, but not after, and the Baggage of Paſſengers at all Times. That no other Goods whatever, belonging to any Inhabitants of the Colony of *Rhode-Iſland*, Maſters of Veſſels or Paſſengers, ſhall, with their Conſent, be landed. And that all Maſters of Veſſels from thence, be accordingly deſired, peaceably to depart this Port in twenty-four Hours after their Arrival, without unloading.

That as the People of the Colony of *Georgia* (the Hon. *Jonathan Bryan*, and a few other Individuals excepted) have acted a moſt *ſingularly infamous* Part, from the Beginning of the preſent glorious Struggle for the Preſervation of *American* Rights, to this very Inſtant, and baſely taken every poſſible Advantage of the more virtuous Colonies; ſo they ought not only to be conſidered under the *ſame Predicament* as the *deluded People* of *Rhode-Iſland*, but alſo to be *amputated* from the Reſt of their Brethren, as a *rotten Part*, that might ſpread a dangerous Infection.

That therefore all commercial Dealings and Intercourſe between us and that Colony ſhall likewiſe ceaſe, *in fourteen Days*, from this Date. That all Maſters of Veſſels from thence, after the Expiration of the ſaid 14 Days, be accordingly deſired peaceably to depart this Port within 24 Hours. And that no Britiſh Goods imported for that Colony, muſt be landed here. But, as it has been repreſented that Bonds are given in Great-Britain for the Landing of ſome Articles in America, the Returning with which, might ſubject the Veſſels of innocent Perſons, ignorant of the preſent Reſolutions, to Seizure; therefore it is agreed, ſuch Articles may be tranſported in other Veſſels, during the Courſe of *three Months*, and *no longer*; after which, no Britiſh Goods whatever, are to be ſo tranſported.

That no Subſcribers to our Reſolutions, who are poſſeſſed of Eſtates in *Georgia*, ſhall be affected by theſe Reſolutions; but may import the Produce of ſuch Eſtates as uſual.

That theſe Reſolutions ſhould continue of Force, and be inviolably adhered to, until we ſhall have received undoubted Aſſurance, that the Merchants and other Inhabitants of *Rhode-Iſland* and *Georgia* have united in, and will firmly adhere to, the important Meaſure of Non-importation.

That the *general Committee* do give the earlieſt Notice to all the *northern* Colonies, of theſe our Reſolutions; and recommend to them, immediately to adopt the ſame Meaſure in regard to *Georgia*, and in the fulleſt Extent.

That the *general Committee* do forthwith write another circular Letter to, and exhort all the *northern Colonies*, to extend their Plans to *every Object* included in *ours*; and not to confine their Non-importation to the Repeal of the whole of the Revenue-Act of the 7th of his preſent Majeſty.

That as ſome few indiſcreet Perſons have pretended to doubt, whether our general Reſolutions *reſtrain Subſcribers* from dealing with any but *Non-ſubſcribers*; it is reſolved, That every Subſcriber who ſhall preſume, directly or indirectly, to *purchaſe from*, or *ſell for*, any VIOLATOR of the general Reſolutions, be looked upon in the ſame odious Light as a Violator himſelf, ſhunned as a Peſtilence, and held in the utmoſt Abhorrence and Contempt.

BOSTON, July 9.

It is ſaid, that upon the Arrival of Capt. Gardner in London, with the authentic Account ſent from this Town of the late Maſſacre, the Orders which had been iſſued for getting ready a Number of Men of War and Troops, which were preparing to ſail in Conſequence of the Miſrepreſentations of ſome Perſons who carried home the firſt Account of that tragical Affair, were immediately countermanded.

Saturday laſt, a coaſting Sloop, ----- Miller, Maſter, arrived here from Portſmouth; and on Knowledge thereof he was deſired to depart in four Minutes and an Half, after landing only a Cheſt or Trunk, which belonged to a Gentleman from the Weſt-Indies, who came from Portſmouth by Land, he immediately complied with the Requeſt, and ſet ſail forthwith for Portſmouth.

Extract of a Letter from Briſtol, dated May 9.

"The M------y are mad; and if they continue to perſiſt in the ſame Meaſures, Acts of Deſperation muſt be the Conſequence, ſooner or later. A Pardon for Captain P-----n is gone out, but I hope it will arrive too late."

The following Letter from a Gentleman in Falmouth, to his Friend in Boſton, is this Moment received, viz.

Falmouth, July 5.

"I have only Time to acquaint you, that Captain Boynton arrived here laſt Evening, in 20 Days from Hiſpaniola, who informs, that on the 3d Day of June, at 7 o'Clock in the Evening, a terrible Earthquake happened there, which laſted about two Minutes, and has totally deſtroyed the Iſland of Port au Prince, by throwing down all the Buildings, as alſo the Houſes on the Plantations, and burying Multitudes of the Inhabitants in the Ruins thereof.----Our Informant ſays he ſailed from Hiſpaniola the 14th, and the Shocks were repeated every Day from the 3d, until the Time of his ſailing. The Diſtreſs of the Inhabitants was inconceivable. He ſays, that 2000 Whites were taken out of the Ruins at Port au Prince, but cannot tell how many Souls periſhed by this awful Providence, but verily believes there are four Times that Number that muſt have periſhed in the Iſlands and Plantations."

NEW-LONDON, July 6.

By Captain Pyner, who came to Town laſt Wedneſday, Via New-York, in 30 Days from Jamaica, we are informed, that ſome Months ago, Captain Joſeph Savage, in a Sloop belonging to Wethersfield in this Colony, was at St. Euſtatia, where he ſhipped a new Sett of Hands, as alſo a Mate (who was an Iriſhman) that ſoon after, in a Paſſage from thence to the Leeward, Captain Savage was inhumanly taken up by the Mate, and one of the People, as he lay aſleep on the Quarter-deck, and thrown over-board; he immediately cried for Help, and begged for Mercy, but the Mate took up a Cutlaſs, and threatened to run the firſt Man through, that ſhould afford him any Aſſiſtance: They ſoon after this run the Veſſel aſhore on the North Side of Cuba, and after robbing her of the Caſh that was on board, which they divided among the Crew, being four in Number (including a Boy) they proceeded acroſs the Iſland of Cuba, and embarked in different Veſſels for Jamaica; but while on their Paſſage, the Boy belonging to Captain Savage's Veſſel, acquainted the Maſter of the Veſſel he was Paſſenger in of the above Murder; and upon their Arrival, the Mate (who was principally concerned in the Crime) was taken up and committed to Goal, which in a few Days after he broke through, and was making his Eſcape; but being again apprehended, he was to have his Trial the Beginning of laſt Month. The other Perſon concerned in the Murder could not be found.

NEW-YORK, July 12.

Extract of a Letter from Virginia to a Friend in New-York, dated July 2.

"I am ſorry to find the noble Cauſe of America likely to be betrayed by its pretended Friends with you; can it be poſſible that Men, who have ſoared ſo high as to attract the Admiration and Eſteem of all the virtuous Part of Mankind, ſhould at once ſink ſo low as to become the Contempt and Deriſion of every Individual! But I hope it is not poſſible, that for a Meſs of Pottage you ſhould ſell your invaluable Liberties, and entail the Curſe of Slavery upon your Deſcendants for ever, when Perſeverance but for a little longer, ſecures the Prize, and makes your Names immortal. We are all Patriots here, and will hold no Intercourſe or Connection with you, if you baſely deſert the Cauſe."

We hear from Virginia, that the Ship Sharpe, Capt. Spier, who was diſmiſſed from this Place and Philadelphia, without being ſuffered to unload, on Account of having Goods on board not allowable by the Non-importation Agreement, as mentioned in the Papers, ſailed from Philadelphia, addreſſed to Meſſieurs William and John Brown, Merchants in Norfolk, where the Committee of Inſpection finding his Cargo not admiſſible according to the Non-importation Agreement, he was not permitted to unload, but was preparing to ſail the third Time, in Search of a more favourable Clime. From the above Account, juſt from Virginia, it appears that the Story circulated here, *That the ſaid Ship had delivered all her Cargo in Philadelphia except a few Parcels*, is an infamous Falſhood, intended to diſcredit the Philadelphians, and weaken the Non-importation Agreement. There were a few Articles ſmuggled into Philadelphia from the ſaid Ship, but the Goods were ſecured, and thoſe concerned in the fraudulent Attempt, duly called to Account.

Yeſterday ſailed the Earl of Halifax Packet Boat, with the Mail for Falmouth. She carries Orders from the Merchants here for a general Importation of Goods, except the ſingle Article *Tea* (on which the duty laid by the Parliament for raiſing a Revenue in America remains unrepealed) and all other Goods, on which a Duty for the like Purpoſe may be laid. Theſe Orders are in Conſequence of a late Alteration in the Non-importation Agreement, which, ſince the People of Boſton and Philadelphia have refuſed their Conſent to, has been made, upon the Subſcription of about 800 of the Inhabitants, which the oppoſite Party, who were againſt the Alteration, ſay is but about a fourth Part of the People who had a Right to vote upon this Occaſion; but who, thinking the Proceedings irregular, refuſed to ſign on any Side. They intend to publiſh a Proteſt, with their Names ſubſcribed, as alſo of the Principals on the other Side. The Principles of this Diſpute, for Want of Room, cannot be explained in this Paper, but may be in our next.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in Virginia, dated June 30.

"A determined Spirit of Oppoſition to the Power of the Britiſh Parliament to tax the Colonies, prevails among all Ranks of People, except a few Crown Officers. The new Aſſociation is diſperſed through the ſeveral Counties, and is ſigning very faſt. Committees in the neceſſary Parts of the Country are appointed to inſpect the Imports, and to exert every conſtitutional Meaſure to prevent vending any Article contrary to the Aſſociation; thoſe who do not adhere to, or who tranſgreſs the Terms of it, will be deemed Enemies to American Liberty; their Names will be made public; their Companies avoided; and every Stigma fixed upon them to make them, deſpicable.

"But this is not all, the principal Gentlemen in the ſeveral Counties, are preparing to open Subſcriptions for eſtabliſhing Manufactures in their Counties, which will, in a very ſhort Time, make it unneceſſary to import a ſingle uſeful Article of Life from Great-Britain. Nay, it is much talked of, to withhold our Exports from Great-Britain; and even to relinquiſh the Cultivation of Tobacco, and turn our whole Force to the Improvement of our Flocks, Herds, and Manufactures; which, though we may hereby not receive ſo large an annual Income from our Eſtates, will render us happy, and be a ſure Means of preſerving our Liberty, which to us is of much higher Value than Riches. In ſhort, the Conduct of the Miniſtry has opened our Eyes; we now ſee that we can live within ourſelves; that our preſent Wants may be ſupplied, by importing only a few Articles from Great-Britain; and that, in a very ſhort Time, we can live without them. Luxury and Diſſipation are quite baniſhed from among us; Frugality and Induſtry are univerſally prevailing. The whirling of our Spinning Wheels afford us the moſt delightful Muſick, and that Man is the moſt reſpected who appears clad in Homeſpun; as ſuch a Dreſs is a ſure Evidence of Love to his Country.

"When I take a Survey of the ſurpriſing Increaſe of Manufactures among us ſince the Beginning of our Diſpute with the Parliament, and the ſwift Advances we are making in Improvements of all Sorts of neceſſary Cloathing, and Tools for Agriculture, I conſider the Britiſh Miniſtry as the beſt Friends to the Colonies. They indeed aimed at ſubverting our civil Liberties; but in ſo doing, they have pointed out to us the moſt effectual Way to preſerve them; a Way, which we are determined to purſue with unremitted Perſeverance; and which no Cuſtom-Houſe Officers, no Judges of Vice Admiralty Courts, no Statutes of Harry the 8th, nor even the Fleets and Armies of the Kingdom, can force us from.

"Go on then ye Politicians, who govern the Britiſh Councils with ſuch Wiſdom, as to make yourſelves the Ridicule of all Mankind---go on with Declarations, that you will oblige America to lick the Duſt from your Feet,---go on and force the Colonies to know their true Intereſt, to learn Inſtruction,---and to improve their domeſtic Felicity, by eſtabliſhing Manufactures univerſally. This you have done already in a great Meaſure, by the Duties you have heretofore impoſed, and you will do it effectually by impoſing freſh Duties upon their Imports, and by continuing your preſent Syſtem of Colony Adminiſtration. Such a Conduct will in the Opinion of the Coloniſts exalt your Characters, and demonſtrate to the World the Wiſdom of your Councils, which improve the Manufactures of the Colonies, to the Impoveriſhment and Deſtruction of your own Tradeſmen.

July 16. Capt. Marquis, in 38 Days from Liſbon, informs us, that Captain Hunter was to ſail from thence, for this Port, in a few Days after him, and may be hourly expected. Laſt Saturday, in Lat. 38, Long. 70, Captain Marquis ſpoke with Captain Montgomery, in a Brig from Philadelphia, bound for Liſbon.

Captain Gooding from Philadelphia, is arrived at Quebec.

Extract of a Letter from New-York, dated July 12, 1770, *to a Gentleman in a neighbouring Province.*

"Am ſorry to acquaint you, that Yeſterday ſailed the Halifax Packet, for Falmouth, with Orders from a Sett of miniſterial *Madmen* here, to have Goods ſhipped immediately from Great-Britain:---We hitherto have made, and ſhall continue to make a noble Stand againſt them.----We boldly paraded our Streets on Saturday laſt, with ſuitable Colours and Labels, in Behalf of our ſinking Faith and Credit; the Importers met us at the Cloſe of the Evening, at the Turn of a Corner, armed with Sticks and Stones, headed by a ſecond GILLAM *; but in leſs than two Minutes, we, though *unarmed*, beat through the TRAITORS---*Traitors to themſelves, and to all the Colonies*---We inſtantly diſperſed them, and kept all our Standards and Colours.

"I truſt that your Province, and all the patriotic Colonies, will proceed without Loſs of Time, againſt theſe modern Cappadocians *(Wretches who deſpiſe Honour and Freedom)* in ſuch a Manner, as will *force* them to reſcind theſe over-haſty iniquitous Meaſures, by reſolving to have no commercial Dealings or Connections with them, *or with whom they would deal with in Great-Britain*, until they have publicly acknowledged their Faults, which are of ſo groſs and fooliſh a Nature, as they can ſcarcely ever be forgiven.---The Sons of Liberty here are ſigning a Proteſt, &c. againſt them."

* GILLAM *was a Magiſtrate near London, who procured a Mob to oppoſe the Sons of Liberty, in Middleſex.*

Extract of a Letter from Princeton, July 13.

"This Afternoon the Students at Naſſau-Hall, fired with a juſt Indignation on reading the infamous Letter from the Merchants in New-York, to the Committee of Merchants in Philadelphia, informing them of their Reſolutions to ſend home Orders for Goods contrary to their Non-importation Agreement; at the tolling of the College Bell, went in Proceſſion to a Place fronting the College, and burnt the Letter by the Hands of a Hangman hired for the Purpoſe, with hearty Wiſhes, that the Names of all Promoters of ſuch a daring Breach of Faith, may be blaſted in the Eyes of every Lover of Liberty, and their Names handed down to Poſterity, as Betrayers of their Country."

PHILADELPHIA, July 19.

The News being ſpread, that the Merchants of New-York had departed from their Non-importation Agreement, and had reſolved to import every Thing except Tea; and ſuch Articles upon which a Duty is, or ſhould hereafter be laid, the Inhabitants of this City and Suburbs, and a great Number from the County, aſſembled at the State-Houſe, and having nominated JOSEPH FOX, *Eſq; Chairman, entered into the following* RESOLVES, *viz.*

1ſt, THAT the Non-importation Agreement, entered into by the Merchants and Traders of the Colonies, is a ſafe, peaceable and conſtitutional Way of aſſerting our Rights, and if perſiſted in, there is Reaſon to believe it will produce the deſired Effect, and therefore ought to be conſidered as a Bulwark of our Liberty.

2d, That the good Effects of this Meaſure depend upon Perſeverance, and that the Strength of the Colonies conſiſts in their Union.

3d, That a Breach of the Agreement at preſent, cannot be owing to any Want of real Neceſſaries, eſpecially in the Northern Colonies, and that the partial Repeal of the American Revenue-Act, is no juſt Foundation for deviating from the Agreement entered into, as the Claim of Right to tax us, without our Conſent, is ſtill kept up, and the Duty on Tea retained, as a Teſt of that Right.

4th, That the Alteration adopted by a Majority of the Inhabitants of the City of New-York, is a ſordid and wanton Defection from the common Cauſe, and that by that Defection they have, as much as in them lies, weakened the Union of the Colonies, wounded the public Character of America, ſtrengthened the Hands of our Enemies, and encourage them to proſecute their Deſigns againſt our common Liberty.

5th, That all the bad Conſequences that may enſue to the Liberties of America, by their Defection, are chargeable upon the prevailing Faction at New-York.

6th, That as a Teſtimony to the World of our Diſapprobation of the late Meaſure adopted by that prevailing Faction, we will break off all commercial Intercourſe with New-York, ſo far as not to purchaſe of any of the Inhabitants of the Colony of New-York any Goods, except Alkaline Salts, Skins, Furs, Flax and Hemp, until they return to their Agreement, or until the Act of 7th of Geo. III. is totally repealed. And we pledge ourſelves each to the other, that if we know of any Perſon attempting to bring into this City, or Province, any Goods from New-York, except thoſe above enumerated, that we will immediately give Information of them to the Merchants Committee, that their Names may be publiſhed in the News-Papers------Provided always, that every Inhabitant of this Town and Province, who has Effects at New-York, may have Liberty to remove them from thence, provided it be done within ſix Weeks from this Date.

Philadelphia, July 14, 1770.

A CARD.

THE Inhabitants of the City of Philadelphia, preſent their Compliments to the Inhabitants of New-York, and beg they will ſend them their OLD LIBERTY-POLE, as they

imagine they can, by their *late Conduct*, have no further Use for it.

Extract of a Letter from Liverpool, May 1.

"*I have heretofore advised that every Thing was settled in Parliament; three of the Duties are taken off, and the Duty on Tea will be continued; nothing more can be done this Sessions. We are waiting in Suspence to hear what your Determination may be on the other Side, nor can we do any Thing till that is known. From the present Prospect, it will not be in the Power of the Merchants to supply the Orders they have on Hand; the Goods must come in by Degrees as they can procure them; few of the Manufacturers at Manchester, concerned in the American Trade, have any Goods by them, as they have had a good Sale for all they could make; and at many other Places I observe it is much the same.*"

Extract of a Letter from England, dated May 2, 1770.

"Two Days since a Vessel arrived from Boston, in 26 Days; sent, it is said, by the Town, to make the first Port, with their Account of the desperate Affair which happened there the 5th of March;----very different Stories are told about it.----I have constantly given it as my Opinion, that there is a great Deal of Temper and Discretion among that People, and that I hope and believe, on the Whole, their Conduct will be found as good and justifiable, as that of any of his Majesty's Subjects under the like Circumstances.----I also endeavour to shew, how hardly they have been treated, after an Exertion of themselves, to the Honour and Advantage of this Nation, beyond any other of his late, or present Majesty's Subjects; which I find, to my great Satisfaction, has Weight with many People.

Extract of a Letter from Manchester, May 4.

"*We are now here as anxious to know the Merchants Determination with you, respecting the Importation of Goods, as you could have been to know the Determination of Parliament about repealing the Revenue Act. We hope, by the Packets, which is daily expected, to hear from you on that Subject.*"

Captain Hardie, from Lisbon, on the 23d of last Month, in Lat. 32: 56, Long. 59: 40, spoke with Captain Conolly, from Antigua for Lancaster, out 15 Days; on the 2d Instant, in Lat. 38: 30, Long. 68, spoke with Captain Robinson, from Philadelphia for Lisbon, six Days out, all well; and on the 4th, in Lat. 38: 10, Long. 72, spoke a Brig for Salem, N. E. 14 Days out, and a Snow for Boston, both from St. Lucia.

On the 27th of June, in Lat. 36: 27, Long. 67, Captain Hardie met with a large Ship, full of Soldiers, bound to Cadiz from the Havannah. The same Day he saw two other large Ships, which he took to be Spaniards; the Captain of the first Ship asked him if he saw any other Spanish Ships, so that he supposes there must be a Fleet of them.

Captain Butler, from Liverpool, on the 9th Instant, about 30 Leagues from our Capes, spoke a Sloop, Captain Shields, from Wilmington for Jamaica, out 24 Hours, all well.

Captain Welsh, from Barbados, on the 4th Instant, in Lat. 28: 22, Long. 68: 30, spoke a Sloop, Captain Gabriel Skellinger, from Hispaniola for Boston.

Captain Woods, from Montserrat, on the 11th Instant, about 22 Leagues from Cape-Henlopen, spoke the Brig Georgia Packet, Captain Souder, from this Port for St. Eustatia, all well.

Sunday last Captain Blower arrived here from Charlestown, in South-Carolina, who informs, that on the 11th Instant, a little to the Southward of Cape-Hatteras Shoal, he saw a Sloop ashore; that about 7 Leagues to the Northward he saw a Vessel ashore, which he took to be a Schooner, having only her Foremast standing; and that about six Miles to the Northward of her, he saw another Schooner ashore, with both her Masts standing. There was a Tent on the Land near each of the Schooners, which he imagines were erected by their Crews, and that they were endeavouring to save what they could from the Wrecks.

Captain Gamble, from Madeira, on the 26th ult. in Lat. 33: 40, Long. 70, spoke a Brig for the Grenades, and a Schooner for Coracoa, both from Virginia, and four Days out; and on the 12th Instant, in Lat. 38, Long. 72, he spoke a Ship, Captain Ritchie, from Virginia for London, out 30 Hours, all well.

Captain Belford, from Lisbon, on the 28th ult. in Lat. 35: 33, Long. 66, spoke a Sloop, Captain Ward, from New-London for Antigua; and on the 11th Instant, in Lat. 38, Long. 72, he spoke a Brig, Captain Everard, from Virginia for Cork, 4 Days out, all well.

Captain Washer, from Bristol, on his Passage spoke the following Vessels, viz. May 29, in Lat. 48, Long. 14: 6, a Snow, Captain Copithorn, from South-Carolina for Cowes; the next Day with a Ship from Virginia for London; on the 8th of June, in Lat. 43: 32, Long. 43: 12, with a Brig from Chester River for Bristol; on the 3d Instant, in Lat. 38: 7, Long. 69, with a Ship from this Port for Lisbon; and on the 6th, in Lat. 37: 32, Long. 70, with a Snow from Virginia for Cork, 7 Days out.

Captain Wilson, from Lisbon, on the 2d Instant, in Lat. 30: 28, Long. 53: 41, spoke a Schooner from Newberry for Guadaloupe, 15 Days out, all well.

Captain Donavon, from Falmouth, which he left the 19th of May, informs us, that there was no Packet there, nor no Account of any Thing being done by the Parliament relating to American Affairs, when he sailed. On the 5th Instant, in Lat. 37: 49, he spoke a Brig from Barbadoes for Boston, out 17 Days.

Arrived at Lisbon. Captains Walker, Sampson, and May, from Philadelphia; and Captain Duncan, from Maryland.

The Jenny, Hyslope, sailed from Deal for Philadelphia the 23th of May.

The Ship London Packet, Captain Cook, from this Place, is arrived at Cadiz.

Captain Haines, in a Brig from Virginia, is arrived at Barbados.

Last Thursday Afternoon we had a very smart Thunder-gust, when the Lightning struck the Mast of the Sloop Harrison, in this Harbour, and shivered it almost from Top to Bottom, split her Kelson, and broke some of her Iron-work. During the Gust, the Collector's House in Front-street, and a House at the upper End of Market-street, were damaged by the Lightning; but providentially no Lives were lost; also the Brass Conductor to an electrical Rod, fixed on a House in Lombard-street, was melted upwards of six Inches, but not the least Damage done to the House.

*** *For some London, and other News, see the* SUPPLEMENT.

Messieurs HALL and SELLERS,

The Impartiality of your Conduct, leaves the Author of the inclosed Paper no Doubt but you will immediately insert the same in your useful Paper, which will oblige A NUMBER of your READERS.

THE Importers of Dry Goods in this City have, for a considerable Time past, made a voluntary Sacrifice of their Commercial Interest, by suspending their Orders to Great-Britain; in Hopes thereby to obtain a Repeal of an Act of Parliament, considered by Americans not only as unconstitutional in itself, but introductory of further and greater Impositions---and have had the Satisfaction to find, that their Efforts have not been altogether ineffectual---an Act of Parliament having passed, repealing the Duties by the former Act imposed, that on Tea excepted.---If this Commodity be indeed essential to the Well-being of America---If the Colonists could not do without *their* Tea---it might then be acknowledged, that retaining the Duty thereon, was of as evil a Tendency, as if the whole Act remained unrepealed!---That this is *not* the Case, I conceive must be granted, and it will be no great Hardship to do without it.---If then no *Tea* is imported, or *any Article*, paying a Duty for the Purpose of raising a Revenue in America---I should be glad to be informed, how the Liberties of America can be affected by a partial Importation from Great-Britain.---If it is found (as it will, if nothing is imported whereon a Duty is laid) that taxing particular Articles operates as a sumptuary Law, we may reasonably hope *those Duties* would soon be taken off as inexpedient also.-------Why should we make a real Evil of that which, by a prudent and steady Conduct, may be turned to the Advantage of the Colonies?---It is a strange Way of fighting an Enemy, to fire upon our Friends with relentless Fury! it shews at least *Passion* has got the better of *Reason*.

If it should be coolly asked these Gentlemen, who are most violent for the Continuance of the Non-importation Scheme, who happen in general to be Men little or not at all interested in the Trade, and who are carrying on other Branches of Commerce, I am sorry to say it, as destructive to the Liberties of America, as the Importation of Tea would be---whether the parliamentary Right to tax the Colonies, is not as *fully* supported by the *Duties* paid on Wine, Melasses, foreign Sugar, Coffee, &c. as it *could be*, were the Dry Goods Importers base enough to import *Tea*, whilst *it* is subject to a Duty?----And yet those zealous Patriots, where their Interest is not at Stake---those Duty-article Importers and Dealers, confidently stand forth, and tell the Dry Goods Trader, that if he even imports Articles which pay no Duty, he is an *Enemy* to his *Country!* Does not this argue Blindness and Stupidity, or something worse, in those Men, who pretend to be *all Eye* for the Public Good? Ye, who want to lay Burthens too heavy to be borne! where are the Instances of your Self-denial, equally incumbent on you, but not equally attended to by you, as by your Fellow Citizens, who deal in Dry Goods? Can you give a satisfactory Answer? If not, and you have remaining Modesty to produce a Blush, no Doubt your Prudence will induce you to hide it from your Friends, whom you have endeavoured to persuade, that you are the only Patriots! the Sons of Liberty! Affect not Surprize! this is no News to you, you have often been told of it,---but the Love of private Interest has not yet suffered you to give up one commercial Advantage for the Public Good---tho' you assume towards others a dictatorial Character.---Are you in earnest to brand the Enemies to American Liberty, and to publish *their* Names, who have made the largest Strides towards its Destruction?---Look into your own Waste Books---turn to your Leidgers---and cast up the Amount each of you have paid towards the American Revenue! then, if your usual Effrontery fail not, stand forth, and claim the foremost Rank in the List of Patriots; and evince your Right thereto (by the principal Proofs you have yet exhibited) ungenerously branding those, who have strove hard to serve the Public, with the odious Name of *Enemies to their Country!* a Charge as groundless, as it is from you, peculiarly base and ungrateful.

PHILO-VERITAS.

*** The Members of the *American Philosophical Society* are requested to be punctual in attending their Meeting, at their Hall near Christ-Church, To-morrow Evening, at 7 o'Clock precisely.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia*, INWARD ENTRIES.

Brig Morning Star, T. Callender, Snow Ceres, N. Bodkin, Brig Juliana, S. Nuttle, Snow Dickenson, J. Johnson, Brig Patty, R. Hardie, Ship Phebe, M. Davidson, and Ship Molly, E. Belford, Lisbon. Brig Nancy, W. Adamson, Fyall. Brig Anna, S. Smith, St. Kitts. Schooner George, S. Martin, Coracoa. Ship Andrews, J. Campbell, Quebec. Schooner Sally, J. Thomson, N. Providence. Snow Molly, J. Butler, Liverpool. Sloop Fancy, S. Smith, Bermuda. Snow Princess Royal, G. Washer, Bristol. Sloop Bentham, T. Limehouse, N. Carolina. Brig Nancy, V. Welch, Barbados. Schooner Hannah, P. Woods, Montserrat. Schooner Rebecca, J. Holden, Virginia. Sloop Sally, J. Blewer, S. Carolina. Sloop Ann, J. Robinson, Halifax. Brig Favourite Molly, J. M'Daniel, Barbados. Brig Dove, W. Gamble, Madeira.

OUTWARDS. Ship Andrews, J. Campbell, Quebec. Sloop Paragon, J. Hirson, Boston. Brig Tobago, J. Scott, Grenades. Snow Ceres, N. Bodkin, and Ship Severn, J. Hathorne, Lisbon. Brig Sally, B. A. Allison, Montserrat. Sloop Polly, J. Sibbald, Jamaica. Brig Harmony, T. Rodgers, and Brig Nancy, V. Welch, Barbados. Ship Phebe, M. Davidson, Cork. Schooner Nancy, T. Whitlock, St. Kitts.

CLEARED. Brig James, S. Crawford, and Snow Neptune, T. E. Wallace, St. Croix. Brig Ann and Catherine, P. Currie, and Ship Priscilla, J. Jones, Cork. Brig Sarah Ann, A. All, and Ship Dolphin, J. Davidson, Jamaica. Sloop Burke, J. Burrows, St. Vincent. Schooner Charming Nancy, J. Mullowny, Halifax. Brig St. George, C. Stewart, Madeira. Schooner Barbados, J. Barry, Barbados. Schooner Patty, J. Tolly, and Sloop Rebecca, W. Budden, St. Eustatia. Ship Hercules, J. Scott, Bristol.

PRICE CURRENT *of the following Goods in* Philadelphia.

Flour 16s. Wheat 6s. Indian Corn 3s. 9d. Ship Bread 13s. 6d. Middling Ditto 29s. White Ditto 60s. Pipe Staves 7l. 10s. Barrel Ditto 3l. 10s. Hogshead Ditto 5l. 5s. Red Oak Ditto 3l. 10s. Beef 2l. 10s. Pork 4l. West-India Rum 2s. 11d. New-England Ditto 2s. 2d. Pennsylvania Ditto 2s. 2d. Madeira Wine 40 to 80l. Muscovado Sugar 50s. to 56s. Melasses 2s. 2d. Pennsylvania Loaf Sugar 1s. Pitch 12s. Tar 12s. Turpentine 14s. Tobacco 15s. to 25s. Rice 15s. Lisbon Salt 2s. Bohea Tea 7s. 6d. Hemp 6d. Cotton 16d. Bar Iron 23l. Pig Iron 7l. 10s. Mustard-seed 24s. a Bushel.

JOSHUA HOWELL has for SALE,
Choice Old MADEIRA WINE,
IMPORTED before the ACTS took Place, imposing the DUTY. †

Philadelphia, July 19, 1770.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of George Hitner, late of this City, deceased, are desired to come and settle the same with the Subscriber, within four Weeks from the Date hereof, or they will be proceeded against as the Law directs, without respect of Persons: And all Persons having any Demands against said Estate, are desired to bring in their Accounts proved, within four Weeks from the above Date.

JACOB LEWIS.

JOHN WOOD,
CLOCK and WATCH-MAKER, at the Corner of Front and Chestnut-streets, has for Sale;
A PARCEL of neat Philadelphia made WATCHES, warranted good. Any Gentleman, or Lady, inclining to encourage this Manufacture, may be suited to their Fancy, at a short Notice, by their humble Servant, JOHN WOOD. §

To be LETT, for a Term of Years,
A LARGE Frame TENEMENT, situated in Lombard-street, near Front-street. For Terms, enquire of MARY WILLIAMS, at the Corner of Front and Lombard Streets. †

Just imported from GEORGIA, and to be sold by
BRIGHT and PECHIN,
At their Store in Water-street, between Race and Vine-streets,
A LARGE Quantity of choice Rice, Soal-Leather, fine Bristol Salt, Brasiletto, Log-Wood, Soy, Sago-Powder, &c. &c. July 19, 1770. ¶

Chester, July 14, 1770.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Facias, to me directed, on the 6th day of August next, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, at the house of Isaac Allen, innholder in Newgarden township, will be sold by vendue, two certain messuages or tenements, plantations, and two tracts or parcels of land, thereunto belonging, situate in Newgarden township, bounded by lands of Michael Lightfoot, John Wiley, Francis Hobson, William Rowan, William Miller, and others; late the estate of Jane Jenkins, and James Jenkins, seized and taken in execution, and to be sold by JESSE MARIS, Sheriff.

To be rented yearly, leased for a Term of Years, or SOLD;
A WATER-MILL, with 500 *Acres of Land adjoining, on Cabin Creek, in Dorchester County; the Creek runs into Choptank River, about 2 Miles Distance from the Mill; there are 2 Mill-houses, 1 of Brick, the other of Wood, with 2 Pair of Cologne Stones, Bolting Cloths, and a Sett of Weights and Scales for weighing Bread and Flour; also sundry Houses adjoining the Mill, viz. a Bake-house, with 2 Ovens; a large Granary, a Dwelling-house, Kitchen and Store-house, with Brick Chimneys, and many other Conveniences. If sold, Time will be given for the Payment. The Premises may be viewed, when Capt. Dowson, who now occupies them, will attend, and the Subscriber will be ready to treat about Terms, at Benedict, on Patuxent River.---Mr.* Samuel Nicholls, *on Wye River, if called on by any Person from up the Bay, will wait on him to Cabin Creek. There are also several Negroes to hire, viz. a Lad, a Cooper, another a Miller, and a young Wench a Baker.*

GEORGE MAXWELL.

RUN away from the subscriber, living on Tinicum Island, in Chester county, on the 12th of this instant July, a servant lad, named *David Robeson*, alias *Scott*, 13 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, smooth face, down look, wears his hair, which is light coloured, this country born, apt to drink, and given to ill expressions and swearing: His apparel a home made shirt, and tow linen trowsers, striped flannel jacket, a good deal patched, coarse shoes, and a half worn felt hat; he stoops a little in his walk. Whoever takes up the said servant, and secures him in any goal, or brings him home to his master, shall have *Twenty Shillings* reward, if taken not above ten miles from home, and if further *Forty Shillings*, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN TAYLOR.

N. B. He served some part of his time with Luke Nethermark deceased, and used to ride about and drive cattle with him, and by that means is acquainted with the country. §

SUPPOSED to be stolen the 1st of this instant July, from out the pasture of the subscriber, at the Blue Bell, in Kingsessing township, Philadelphia county, a white MARE about 14 hands, 3 Inches high, 14 years old, branded on the near shoulder I.H, and has a brown mark on the same shoulder, a little roach backed, paces and trots well, shod before, her footlocks cut off some time ago. Any person securing the said MARE, so that the owner may have her again, shall have a PISTOLE reward for the mare, and if the thief and mare are both secured, so that the thief be brought to justice, TWO PISTOLES reward, paid by ¶ SAMUEL SMITH.

RUN away from the subscribers, on League Island, on the first of July, a servant man, named HUGH M'DONALD, about 27 years of age, a well set man, 5 feet 8 inches high, marked with the small-pox, reddish eyes, long black or dark brown hair, will get drunk when in company; had on, when he went away, an old beaver hat, red flowered silk jacket, without sleeves, coarse white linen shirt, patched, a pair of buckskin breeches, newly washed, white twilled trowsers, partly new, new shoes, and steel buckles; he has been in the army, almost from a child, till of late years. Whoever will bring him home, or secure him in any goal, and send word thereof, shall receive Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by us, JOSEPH PEMBERTON, ABRAHAM KENTZING. ¶

SIXTEEN DOLLARS Reward.

RAN away from the Subscribers, living in Carlisle, the two following Servant Men, viz. CHARLES PARKER, 18 or 19 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 6 or 8 Inches high, has sooty coloured Hair, and is marked with the Small-pox; had on, a lightish coloured Cloth Coat, and lapelled Jacket, Tow Shirt and Trowsers, a small Felt Hat, and middling good half soaled Shoes. HENRY DAVIS, a straight bodied Fellow, tho' bandy legged, brown Complexion, an artful insinuating Fellow, and writes a middling good Hand, which may enable him to forge Passes for himself and Parker, if together; had on, a Blanket Coat, an Olive green Thickset Jacket, Country made Tow Linen Shirt and Trowsers, and new Shoes; also took with him, a Half worn Beaver Hat, a Pair of Silver Shoe Buckles, and a Pair of small Thread Stockings. He was taken last Fall, on his Way to Red Stone Creek Settlement, at Henry Hoglin's, on Youghyoughgane, and may make that Way, otherwise to Philadelphia, where he pretends formerly to have had Acquaintance. Four Dollars Reward will be paid for each or either of them, to any Person, who will apprehend and secure either of them, so as the Subscriber may have them again, with reasonable Charges, if taken in this Province; if out of this Province, Eight Dollars for each or either of them, on same Conditions, or the above Reward, on Conditions aforesaid, paid by JOHN GLEN. ¶

N. B. *All Masters of Vessels are forbid to carry them off at their Peril.*

Carlisle, June 26, 1770.

Chester County, July 12, 1770.

THIS day was committed to my custody, a certain *George Adamson*, who says he is a runaway servant of *Mary Kinnard*, of Newtown, on Chester River, in Maryland. His mistress is desired to come, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be discharged in four weeks from the date hereof.

¶ JOSEPH THOMAS, Goaler.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

WHEREAS a certain James Moore, on the 7th day of July instant, sold to the subscriber, at his house, a servant, whom he called William Welsh, who entered into an indenture to serve his father James Moore, in the kingdom of Ireland, and was brought over to America to him the said James Moore, and landed, on the 20th of June last, at New-Castle, and brought to him by one Small (who came over in the same vessel) as a present from his said father, as the said James Moore, at the time of the said sale, informed the subscriber; and whereas the said person, so sold as a servant, immediately after the said sale run away, and the subscriber upon the strictest enquiry he can make into the matter, has reason to believe that he has been most egregiously imposed upon, as no such person as William Welsh came over a servant in the said vessel with the said Small, nor was delivered to the said James Moore by the said Small; and it is supposed that a certain William Barnett (who absconded about that time) signed the said indenture by the name of William Welsh; the said William Barnett resembling the man so sold as a servant, and immediately absconded, as aforesaid. The said William Welsh, alias Barnett, is about 24 years of age, 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, of a fair complexion, short dark hair; had on, when he went away, an old felt hat, good shirt and trowsers, of this country made linen, old shoes, with one brass, the other a steel buckle, and may appear in other clothes, as he purchased, since he run away, a mixed light coloured cloth coat, with double gilt brass buttons, a diaper wrought linen jacket, the chain brown, and silling white, a pair of buckskin breeches, almost new, and sundry other clothes. Whoever shall take up said William Welsh, alias Barnett, and bring him home, or secure him, so that the subscriber, living at Deer-Creek, Baltimore county, in Maryland, may get him again, shall have the above reward, paid by

¶ JOHN FORBES.

FIVE DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in West-Nottingham, Chester county, on the 10th day of June last, a native Irish servant woman, named ANNE SAUL, about 22 years of age, of a middle stature, swarthy complexion, dark coloured hair, and brown eyes; she has an old scar on one of her arms, and came from Waterford, in Ireland, about two years ago: Had on, when she went away, a black and white linsey jacket and petticoat, old tow shift and apron, and a round-eared cap; but, perhaps, by this time, she may have changed both her name and cloathing. Whoever secures said servant, so that her master may have her again, shall have the above reward of Five Dollars, and all reasonable charges, paid by me SAMUEL GILMORE. §

To be SOLD or LETT, and entered upon immediately,
A CONVENIENT DWELLING-HOUSE and LOT, *in a pleasant Situation, at the upper End of Chestnut-street, near the State-house, with a Pump in the Yard, a small Garden, and a very good Brick Stable, Chaise-house and Hay-loft.* For Terms, inquire of CHARLES MOORE, *at the new Brewery, near the Corner of Fourth and Race-streets, where the usual Kinds of* MALT BEER, *for Exportation, or immediate Use, are made and sold, by*

¶ s.t.f. THOMAS & CHARLES MOORE.

To be SOLD by public VENDUE, at the London Coffee-House, on the 20th of July next, at 7 o' Clock in the Evening, if not disposed of by private Sale before,
A GOOD three Story Brick House, and Lot of Ground, situate on the South Side of Arch-street, between Front and Second-streets, the West Corner of Cannery Lane, containing in Breadth 16 Feet 8 Inches, and in Depth about 70 Feet; with the Privilege of said Lane; subject to a Ground rent of £ 4 10 0 Pennsylvania Currency, per Annum. For further Particulars enquire of GEORGE WYNKOOP, and for FIRE, of WILLIAM WEBB. §7 w.

Philadelphia, July 12, 1770.

WHEREAS a Partnership was some Time ago entered into between WILLIAM GODDARD, and BENJAMIN TOWNE, which, on Experiment, is found to be inconvenient, I the said *Benjamin Towne*, do therefore for *legal*, as well as expedient Considerations, decline the Connexion, and desire that no Person in future will rely on my Credit as a Partner, in their Contracts and Dealings with the said *William Goddard*.

And whereas a Person is appointed on Behalf of the principal Creditor of the Press, to receive so much of the Subscription Money due from the Inhabitants of the City and Districts, for the *Chronicle*, as will discharge his Debt, the said *Benjamin Towne* therefore can only desire the Subscribers for the said Paper in other Places to pay their Subscription Money to him (at Mrs. *Marsh*'s, in *Second-street*, near *Christ-Church*) as he has been a considerable Sufferer by the Partnership, and *only* wishes to have the Company's Debts paid. ¶

Imported in the last vessels from London, and just brought up from Philadelphia, by HENRY STUBER, at the Golden Pestle and Mortar, in Queen-street, a few doors from George Ross, Esquire's, and near the Court-house, Lancaster,

A LARGE assortment of every kind of DRUGS, chemical and galenical MEDICINES, which he will sell very cheap, and at as moderate an advance from the sterling cost, as can possibly be afforded at, in this place;----among which are the genuine patent family medicines, from the original warehouses in London, viz. Anderson's, Hooper's, and Lockyer's pills; Turlington's balsam of life; Daffy's elixir; Bateman's Jesuits drops; British oil; Godfrey's cordial: Those much esteemed medicines, prepared by Dr. Hill, viz. pectoral balsam of honey; elixir bardana, and essence of water dock; eau de luce; right French Hungary; lavender, and King's honey water. Likewise surgeons capital and pocket instruments, shop furniture of every kind; white and brown sugar candy, saffron, pearl and French barley, sweet oil, groceries, painters colours, &c. &c.

*** He has likewise for sale, fine pickled sturgeon, American herrings, almost equal to anchovies, by the barrel or keg, chocolate, mustard, Cayan pepper, &c. &c.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Moyamensing township, on the 10th of this instant July, a servant boy, named *John M'Namara*, alias *John Doyle*, between 16 and 18 years of age; had on, when he went away, an old check shirt, very much torn, a cross barred under jacket, without sleeves, a green lapelled Waistcoat, with sleeves, blue plush breeches, shoes with odd buckles, one of them plain, old felt hat, the rim torn, and bound round part of the brim; he is very lazy, a great liar, and excessive fond of strong liquor; he is about 5 feet 5 or 6 inches high, has a thin visage, much freckled in the face, has a down look, short brown hair, trimmed before in the fashion, dark complexion, looks pale, was born in Waterford, excessive talkative when among his equals, can talk Irish, speaks much on the brogue, and came over in the Charlotte, Capt. Curtis, the beginning of May last. He pretends to be a Protestant, but thought to be a Roman; he always swears by Jesus, and beats his breast, when not observed; swears almost at every word, and sings lewd and infamous songs. Whoever takes up said servant, and secures him in any goal, so that his master may have him again, shall receive *Twenty Shillings* reward, if taken within five miles of Philadelphia, if ten miles, or farther from it, Forty Shillings, and all reasonable charges, paid by me, ZACHARIAH NIEMAN.

N. B. All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off at their peril. T,b.c.

TO BE SOLD BY

MARY TREPULET, in *Market-street*, near the Market-house, *Baltimore-Town, Maryland*, CAROLINA BEND, and all other Sorts of LEATHER, very cheap. †

Baltimore-Town, July 11, 1770.

RUN away from on board the ship lying at Fell's Point, two convict servant men; one named *William Reeves*, about 27 years of age, about 5 feet 5 inches high, brown complexion, has short black hair, and wears a wig over it; had on a brown coat and jacket, new buckskin breeches, white worsted stockings, half-worn English shoes, with silver buckles; has two castor hats, one new, the other old, and Plenty of money with him. The other named *John Jarvis*, about 25 or 26 years of age, about 5 feet 7 inches high, of a fair complexion, grey eyes, dark hair, speaks very good English, and had on a blue coat, and striped jacket, his other apparel unknown. Whoever takes up the said servants, and secures them in any jail, so that their masters may have them again, shall receive, if taken in the county, *Thirty Shillings* for each, if out of the county, *Three Pounds*, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by the Subscribers, living in Baltimore county, on Carroll's Manor, near the Church. THOMAS TREVERS, PETER BUTLER. § 6 W.

Easton Goal, in Northampton County, June 28, 1770.

COMMITTED to the said goal, some time in the month of December last, a certain runaway servant man, who calls himself PATRICK ASHLEY, aged about 19 years, and about 5 feet 5 inches High, and says he belongs to James Crawford of Hanover township, in the county of Lancaster; these are therefore to give notice to his said master, that he come or send to release the said servant in four weeks from this day, and pay the charges due on him, otherwise he will be discharged. JOHN SPEARING, Goaler. ‖

Easton Goal, in Northampton County, July 2, 1770.

COMMITTED to my custody, on Saturday, the 30th day of June last, a certain Negroe man, who calls himself Charles Hamilton, says he belongs to Joseph Garrison, of Newberry township, New-Castle county; he is about 30 years of age, and about 5 feet 5 inches high; these are therefore to desire his said master to come, or send for the said Negroe, and pay what reasonable charges are accrued on him.

§ JOHN SPEARING, Goaler.

TEN POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Baltimore county, near Charles Ridgely's iron-works, the 9th of July instant, an English servant man, named Thomas Hewitt, by trade a Bookbinder, a lusty well set fellow, about 5 feet 6 inches high, dark brown curled hair, and is about 27 years of age; had on, and took with him, a felt hat, check shirt, blue plush breeches, old shoes, yarn shockings, a blue pea jacket, a striped flannel ditto, ozenbrigs shirt and trowsers; it is supposed he has forged a pass, and changed his name. Whoever takes up and secures the said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have, if 10 miles from home, Three Pounds; if out of the county, Five Pounds; if 100 miles, Seven Pounds; and if 200 miles, the above reward, and reasonable charges, if brought home, paid by

‡ ROBERT WILLMOTT.

Philadelphia, June 18, 1770.

WANTED,

A FEW NEGROES, Men, Women, Boys, and Girls. Those Persons who have any for Sale, may apply to the Printers of this Paper, and be informed of a Purchaser. *Tf.*

JAMES MACCUBBIN,

Is removed into Third-street, near Arch-street.

TO BE SOLD,

On Monday, the 23d of July, 1770, at six o'clock in the afternoon, at the London Coffee-House,

A VERY compleat malt-house, and kiln, all iron plate; also a good mill, and mill-house, and a good stable, and shed; likewise the lease of a brew-house, and dwelling-house, for 18 years, at the yearly rent of 40 l. also a new brewing copper, containing 24 barrels, with mash tub, coolers, and every other utensil for carrying on the brewing business, all in good order, which may be seen on the premises, at or before the day of sale. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may have a quantity of good Irish and country made malt; likewise some barley, and all the hogsheads, tierces, barrels, and half barrels, belonging to said brewery.

Likewise to be sold, a very likely negroe man, well skilled in the brewing business, with two horses, a dray, and a quantity of empty bottles. MOORE and HARPER.

Whereas the partnership of Samuel Moore, and Henry Harper, of Philadelphia, brewers, is to be dissolved on the first day of September next, as said Harper intends to set out for Europe this fall, all those who are indebted to said partnership, either by bond, note, book debt, or otherwise, are desired to come in and make speedy payment, in order that said partnership may be settled; and all those who have any demands against said partnership, are requested to bring in their accounts, that they may be settled by us, SAMUEL MOORE, HENRY HARPER. ¶

Philadelphia, July 13, 1770.

THE Subscribers, Trustees appointed by Act of Assembly, for selling the NEW DUTCH CHURCH in Fourth-Street, between Sassafras and Vine Streets, in the City of Philadelphia, have, in Pursuance of the said Law, made Sale thereof. *Notice is therefore hereby given*, to all Persons who have any Demands against the said Trustees, on Account of the said Church, or in any wise bound for the Payment of any Sum or Sums of Money for the Building thereof, that they bring in their respective Accounts, with necessary Vouchers, and properly proved, or make Application to some one of the Trustees, within Six Months from the Date hereof; after which Time, no Accounts or Applications will be received. ANDREW BANKSON, MOORE FURMAN, FRANCIS HOPKINSON, PETER KNIGHT, JOHN ORD. ¶

RUN away from the subscriber, living in Martick township, Lancaster county, the 9th of July instant, an Irish servant man, named SIMON NEIL, about 20 years of age, about 5 feet 4 inches high, a well set fellow, round shouldered, fresh coloured, round faced, with black curled hair; he had on, and took with him, a snuff-coloured broadcloth coat, pretty much worn, with white lining, and yellow gilt metal buttons, one coarse shirt, two pair of tow trowsers, old shoes, a felt hat, a black silk handkerchief, with about 20*s.* cash, and his indentures. Whoever takes up and secures the said servant, so that his master may have him again, shall have Forty Shillings reward, and reasonable charges, paid by me

¶ JOHN M'CREARY.

Just imported from the original warehouses in LONDON,

A LARGE assortment of chemical and galenical medicines, and are sold, wholesale and retail, by WILLIAM RICHARDS, at the sign of the Golden Eagle, in Market-street, near the Court-house, Philadelphia, under the care of a person regularly bred to business. Also medicine chests for plantations, sea surgeons, and Commanders of vessels, carefully fitted out. Boxes, with proper directions, of all prices, very useful for families, who live at a distance from a Doctor.

Likewise Bateman's drops, Turlington's balsam, Stoughton's stomach elixir, Godfrey's cordial, Daffy's elixir, Squire's grand elixir, spirits of scurvy grass, Hill's pectoral balsam of honey, Elixir bardana, Greenough's tincture for preserving the teeth and gums, Anderson's, or Scotch pills, Lockyer's pills, Hooper's female pills, Dr. James's fever powders, fine Hungary and lavender waters, &c. &c.

Of whom also may be had, surgeons capital instruments, best crown lancets, tooth drawers, furniture for Doctors and Apothecaries shops, &c. &c. &c. As there is a large quantity of capital medicines, they will be sold at such prices, as will be agreeable to the purchasers.

Also Scotch snuff, rappee and high toast; kites foot, and all sorts of twist tobacco; linseed and cold drawn oil; chocolate; mustard; Maryland herrings, in barrels; ditto in cags, prepared like anchovies; also red herrings, and pickled sturgeon; paints of all sorts, dry and ground in oil.

Four Shillings a dozen is given for empty snuff bottles.

THE Subscriber once more desires all Persons indebted to the Estate of Dr. NATHANIEL TWEEDY, deceased, to settle, and pay their respective Ballances, there being many Demands against the said Estate, that must be discharged.

WILLIAM RICHARDS, Administrator.

WANTED immediately, by the Managers of the House of Employment, a Quantity of good FLAX from the Swingle; any Person who can supply them with the same, may apply to JOHN CUMMINGS, *Steward of said House.*

TO BE SOLD,

TWO HAND ORGANS, one plays 27 Tunes, and the other 16, Country Dances, Marches, Minuets, and Psalm Tunes. Any Ladies or Gentlemen that are desirous to purchase, may see them, by applying to the Owner, at Mr. THOMAS CASH's, near the Drawbridge, Front-street, Philadelphia.

N. B. My Stay will be but short. ‡

IN pursuance of an order of the Orphans Court, held at Chester, for the county of Chester, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on Friday, the 3d day of August next, on the premises, a certain tract or parcel of land, situate in West-Nantmell township, containing 31 acres, or thereabouts. And also a warrant right of and in 94 acres and 80 perches of land, in the township aforesaid; late the estate of John Gardner, deceased, at which time and place due attendance will be given, and the conditions of sale made known, by JAMES HAIR, JAMES CRAWFORD, REBECCA CRAWFORD, Administrat. †

THE subscriber takes this method of informing the public in general, and his customers in particular, that he still continues to carry on the Goldsmith and Jeweller's business as usual, at the corner of Front and Chestnut-streets.

As it always has been his constant endeavour to oblige his customers, so every one may depend upon it, that he will exert himself, as much as lies in his power, to perform his work with all the care, dispatch and nicety, that can be required. And all orders shall be executed, at the most reasonable rates, to the full satisfaction of his employers, who he hopes will continue their former favours, which will greatly oblige their humble servant, JOHN BAYLY. *T.b.c. 3 m.*

WANTED,

A SOBER MAN, that can be well recommended by some Person of Character, to teach four or five Boys, or, if he chooses it, may have a very good SCHOOL. Such a One will meet with good Encouragement. Apply at the Lower Ferry on Susquehanna, and be farther informed. *Tf.*

GEORGE MEADE, & COMPANY,

Have for Sale, at their Stores, next Door to the House lately occupied by Mr. JOHN MEASE, *deceased,*

OLD Barbados Spirit, Rum, excellent Madeira Wine, Spermaceti Candles, Irish Beef, and a few Hogsheads of Halifax Fish. Tbc2M.

FIFTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, on the 18th of April last, from the subscriber, living in Market-street, Philadelphia, two Dutch servant lads, the one named Jacob Stenger, about 18 years of age, and from 5 feet 6 to 5 feet 8 inches high, well set, good countenance, light complexion, and dark hair; had on, when he went away, an old beaver hat, a good blue cloth coat and waistcoat, half worn buckskin breeches, two pair of stockings, one pair purple and white worsted, the other grey yarn; and it is supposed he has other clothes with him, especially a pair of shoes and pumps. The other, named John Kendall, about 16 or 17 years of age, and about 5 feet 2 or 3 inches high, has a freckled face, black hair, thin, long visage, and of a slender make; had on, when he went away, a half worn grey cloth coat, with horn buttons, and a yellow stain a little back of the shoulders, a claret coloured linsey jacket, with brass buttons, this country make, old leather breeches, good shoes, with yellow metal buckles, it is not known what sort of a hat; they have other clothes with them, which cannot be remembered. Whoever secures and brings them to their master, shall receive the above reward, or Twenty-five Dollars for each of them, if taken after this date; but if before, then, according to a former advertisement, Twenty Dollars for both, or Ten Dollars for each.

May 29, 1770. RICHARD WISTAR.

N. B. There went away in company, another young man, a baker by trade, belonging to Middletown, for whom there is a reward of Sixteen Dollars offered. They had a gun with them, and a red great coat, and were seen divers times on the road going towards Carolina, or the back of Virginia.

Philadelphia, June 14, 1770.

WHEREAS DANIEL WISTER, of this city, merchant, hath assigned to me, in trust, "all and singular the messuages, tenements, plantations, tracts of land, debts, sums of money, due, owing, and payable unto him, from or by any person or persons whomsoever, by virtue of any judgment, mortgage, bond, bill, specialty, note, book-debt, and assumption whatsoever:" I do therefore give this public notice, to all who are indebted to the said Daniel, that it is expected they will immediately pay off their respective debts, to prevent being sued; and to those who have any demands against him, to bring in their accounts, to be adjusted by

T.b.c.t.f. JOHN GIBSON.

To be LETT, and entered on immediately,

A FULLING MILL, situate in the Great Valley, in Tredyffrin Township, Chester County, on the Road leading to the Yellow Springs, about 8 Miles from the Swedes Ford, and 4 Miles from the White Horse. For Terms apply to

¶ JOHN SHOEWALDER.

FOR DUBLIN,

The Brig *CONNELLY*,

ROBERT MILLER, MASTER,

WILL sail with all prudent dispatch, having the principal part of her cargoe engaged; for freight or passage, apply to WILLIAM & ANDREW CALDWELL, or said Master on board, at the south side of Market-street wharff. Imported in said brig, a number of likely, healthy, men & women servants, whose times are to be disposed of, on board.

Wanted, a parcel of long broad boat boards. Enquire as above.

To be SOLD at public auction, pursuant to the testament of the Hon. Benjamin Tasker, *of the province of* Maryland, *deceased, on* Tuesday, *the fourth day of* September *next, if fair, if not, next fair day,*

ONE undivided fifth part of the estate called the Baltimore *iron works, near* Baltimore-town, *in the province of* Maryland, *consisting of a furnace, 3 forges, sundry tracts of land, many servants, slaves, horses, cattle, and other stock, belonging thereto. This is part of an estate, which is held in common with* Charles Carroll, *Esqr and other Gentlemen in* Maryland.

If the purchaser doth not pay the consideration for which the estate may be sold, at the time of executing conveyances for the same, it is expected that he will give bond, with approved security, payable in five equal proportions; the first payment to be made on the fourth day of September, *1771; and the other payments on the fourth day of* September, *in the four next succeeding years, with the legal interest of* Maryland, *from the date of said bond till paid. One of the trustees will attend at the furnace on the day of sale.*

For CORK,

The SHIP

ELIZABETH,

DAVID BROWN, Master,

Now loading at Knox's Wharff, will certainly sail in two Weeks. For Freight or Passage, apply to said Master on board, or to CARSAN, BARCLAY, and MITCHELL, who have for Sale, Irish Beef in Tierces and Barrels, and a few Reams of very good Quarto Post Paper.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by public vendue, on the 23d day of this instant July, on the premises, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, a certain tract of land, situate in Monaghon township, York county, adjoining lands of Abraham Stauffer, Ludwick Zimmerman, William Lehman, and Samuel Richardson, on which is erected a grist-mill; late the estate of Michael Miller; seized in execution by me

‡ GEORGE EICHELBERGER, Sheriff.

BY virtue of two certain writs of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed, will be exposed to sale, by way of public vendue, on the premises, on the 30th day of this instant July, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, two equal and undivided third parts of Hallam Forge, and of the lands thereto belonging, situate in Hallam township, York county, and near the mouth of Cadorus creek, the works are in good order; late the estate of William Bennett, and seized in execution by David M'Conaughy, Esq; late Sheriff, and to be sold by me

‖ GEORGE EICHELBERGER, Sheriff.

To be SOLD, by private SALE,

A VERY pleasant situated lot or tract of land, for a gentleman's country seat, in the upper part of Germantown, having 125 feet front on the main street, in the best part of the town to carry on any extensive business, tavern or shop, &c. &c. being between 2 and 3 acres of land; having a large 2 story stone house, a stone kitchen, good stabling, and a good pump thereon, with a large and very pleasant situated garden, great part thereof planted with pear, plumb, cherry, apricot, nectarine, nut and other curious fruit trees, and excellent assortments of flower and garden curiosities; a very fine thriving orchard of the best fruit; and the rest very good grass land. Its pleasant situation will recommend itself, for a summer seat of pleasure or conveniency for any business; several years time (if desired) will be given for the payment of the greatest part of the purchase money, on paying interest, and giving security. Also then to be sold, another near adjacent piece of grass land. The terms of sale may be known on the premises, of CHRISTIAN LEHMAN; or of WILLIAM LOGAN, Esq; at Philadelphia.

N. B. The title is indisputable. §

*** Said *Christian Lehman* also keeps a nursery, and hath for sale, the rarest and best sort of pear, plumb, apricot, cherry, nectarine, nut, and catalpa trees, &c. &c.

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SUPPLEMENT to the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE. No. 2169.

LONDON, *May* 8.

Extract of a Letter from a Gentleman in the County of Wilts.

THURSDAY, the laſt Day of the Seſſions, Part of the 5th and 38th, the 50th and 56th Regiments of Foot did, in a moſt daring and inſolent Manner (contrary to Cuſtom at the Time of Seſſions) keep patrolling the Streets, with Drums beating, and Fifes playing. At the Time the Court was ſitting they continued beating their Drums, &c. all along the Front of the Town-Hall, or Court-Houſe, &c. After the Buſineſs of the Court had been impeded for ſome Time, Sir E. Bayntun, and the reſt of the Juſtices, ordered the Conſtables to deſire all the Soldiers to deſiſt from beating their Drums, and playing their Fifes, before the Court, but the Inſolence of the Soldiers was ſuch, that inſtead of paying due Reſpect to the Order of the Court, they made no Apology, but kept on beating their Drums, and playing their Fifes; and, in my humble Opinion, if the Court had offered to puniſh them for diſobeying the Order of all the Magiſtrates, we might have had another Boſton Affair in the Town of the Devizes."

A Correſpondent, ſpeaking of the Debate on Tueſday laſt, in the Upper Room of the Robinhood Society, obſerves, that on one Side you heard of nothing but the Houſe of Commons ſtabbing the Vitals of the Nation, and giving the Death Blow to the Conſtitution. *On the other Side, we were aſſured, the preſent Parliament have no ſuch paricidical Intentions; that the Thing was incredible in itſelf, that the greateſt Part of the Men of Fortune and Family in this Kingdom ſhould combine to enſlave themſelves and their Poſterity; that this was an Abſurdity only calculated to impoſe on the Credulity of the Vulgar; that fortunately the preſent Seſſions of Parliament had given the moſt convincing Proofs of a contrary Inclination; that they defied the Oppoſition to point out a Seſſion in their Memory, wherein ſo great a Love of Juſtice and Liberty had been ſhewn, as in the preſent; that no other Inſtance was neceſſary to prove this, than their Alteration of the Mode of ſettling controverted Elections; where they have taken the Power from a Tribunal, that was liable to be ſwayed by Paſſion, Prejudice, or Party, and ſettled it on a ſimilar Footing with the glorious Trials by Jury; but that if any further Proof was neceſſary, they could inform the Houſe, that a Bill was now depending amongſt the Commons, ſupported by every Member of Adminiſtration, to take away and annul that odious and unjuſt Privilege formerly granted to Members of Parliament, by which they were protected from civil Suits, and paying their juſt Debts; that if theſe were not Specimens of an honeſt, upright, and patriotic Parliament, they had no Idea left of Right or Wrong,"* A Noble Lord, *in Anſwer, very humourouſly ſaid,* "I am aſtoniſhed to hear any Man call the preſent Parliament a patriotic *Parliament, when the very Inſtance which they bring to prove it ſuch, proves directly the contrary.---They tell you, that the Commons are now paſſing a Bill, that will oblige their Members to pay their Debts---they may call this Bill juſt and upright if they pleaſe, but, I am ſure, they cannot call it* patriotic; *for we all know, that nothing is more repugnant to the Principles and Practice of the Patriots, than paying their Debts---and, to borrow a Phraſe from the Noble Lord on my right Hand, I am* grievouſly apprehenſive, *that it will prove a* Stab to the Vitals, and Death Blow to the Conſtitution *of many a* worthy Patriot."

War-Office, April 30. His Majeſty has been pleaſed to appoint the following Lords and Gentlemen to be General Officers, as undermentioned, viz.

To be Generals. Sir John Mordaunt: The Hon. James Cholmondeley: Peregrine Laſcelles: Lord John Murray: John Earl of Loudoun: William Earl of Panmure: William Marquis of Lothian: William Earl of Harrington: Hugh Warburton.

To be Lieutenant-Generals. William Skinner: The Hon. Robert Monkton: John Henry Baſtide: Edward Sandford: Theodore Dury: John Parker: John Lambton: The Hon. Charles Colvill: John Parſlow: William Browne: The Hon. Thomas Gage: George Viſcount Townſhend: Lord Frederick Cavendiſh: John Earl de la War: Charles Duke of Richmond: Henry Earl of Pembroke: John Severn: Sir John Seabright, Bart. Henry Whitley: John Clavering: The Hon. George Cary: George Gray: James Adolphus Oughton: James Duke of Leinſter: His Royal Highneſs William Duke of Glouceſter.

To be Major Generals. Mariſco Frederick: William Earl of Glencairn: William Deane: John Thomas: Robert Dalrymple: Horne Elphinſtone: William Evelyn: John Salter: Thomas Earle: Richard Worge: James Johnſton: The Hon. Philip Sherrard: The Hon. George Lane Parker: James Giſborne: Charles Earl of Drogheda: Nevil Tatton: Francis Grant: Richard Beadyſhe: The Hon. Alexander Mackay: William Auguſtus Pitt: John Scott.

BOSTON, *July* 2.

On Thurſday Morning laſt, one Ebenezer Cutler, of Oxford, came to Boſton, and pulling out a Quantity of Money, began Diſcourſes with ſeveral Perſons concerning buying Tea, and in ſpecial inſulted one of the Committee of Inſpection of Land-carriages at the South End, repeatedly declaring he would buy Tea, or what he pleaſed, and of whom he pleaſed, without regard to any honourable Committee Men, or any other Men. In the Afternoon he returned to the South End, where he began the Farce, and boaſtingly ſhewed a Bag of Tea, containing about a Dozen Pounds, on which the Committee Man aforeſaid grew a little more ſerious with him, and told him he thought the Offences he offered him as an Individual, deſerved Reſentment, but when thro' him, he meant to inſult the Community, he looked upon himſelf in Honour obliged to inform the People of his Behaviour. Conſiderable paſſed on this Head, when he agreed to deliver the Tea into the Cuſtody of a Friend, till the Trade ſhould be open, and he departed for that Time. About 4 o'Clock on Friday Morning, two Waggons were heard driving very haſtily out of Town, which being detected in Little Cambridge, on Examination, were found laden with Goods imported (as he ſays) by Theophilus Lillie, contrary to the Merchants Agreement. Mr. Cutler, tho' he ſeemed very obſtreperous at firſt, conſented to return to Town with the Goods; and put them under the Care of the Committee of Inſpection, there to be ſtored till a general Importation ſhould take Place. Mr. Lillie's Concern in theſe Goods is very apparent, he having hired a Horſe and Chaiſe at Charleſtown, to go to Oxford the ſame Day, and we hear that the Inhabitants of that Place have teſtified their great Diſpleaſure at the Man who hired the Horſe and Carriage to a perfidious Importer.

NEW-YORK, July 5.

Extract of a Letter from one of the principal Merchants in Boſton, to his Friend in New-York, dated June 26, 1770.

SIR,

I am now to acknowledge the Receipt of your Favours of the 4th and 6th Inſtant; the former I ſhould have replied to before, but I have been ſo engaged in public Buſineſs, that I have been prevented. In yours of the 16th Inſtant you obſerve, that your Committee are extremely ſoured with the Conduct of our Merchants in importing Goods this Spring, and think they have not exerted themſelves ſo fully as they might have done, to prevent it; I am perſuaded they would be altogether of a different Opinion, were they fully acquainted with our Circumſtances, and with the Difficulties we have had to encounter from every Quarter: When I conſider, we have had a Governor, together with a Board of Commiſſioners, with their Train of Officers and Dependants, who have exerted every Nerve to render abortive the Non-importation Agreement, and have, in every poſſible Way, ſupported thoſe, who have been diſpoſed, from intereſted and ſordid Views, to continue their Importations; when I add to this, the Aid and Support they have had from the Military Power; when I alſo conſider, that we have a Government on each Side of us, who have imported as uſual, without the leaſt Reſtraint, and that we have ſix or ſeven Ports, within our Government, to attend to, beſides our own; I wonder, for my Part, how we have been able to continue, and ſo ſtrictly to adhere to the Agreement, as we have done, and inſtead of being cenſured, we rather deſerve the Praiſe of all our Neighbours, for the Firmneſs and Spirit we have diſcovered under all our Difficulties and Embarraſſments; we have loſt Blood in the very Cauſe of Non-importation, witneſs the Murder of young Snider; when the Merchants with you can plead the ſame Obſtructions, and produce ſuch Evidence of their Zeal in this Cauſe, it is apprehended they may, with more Reaſon and Propriety, paſs ſuch Cenſure upon our Conduct. You are ſomewhat miſtaken in ſaying, that our Agreement commenced twelve Months before the Arrival of the Troops; our Agreement commenced in Auguſt, 1768, and the Troops arrived two Months after, viz. the firſt of October, ſo that they have actually counterworked us almoſt the whole of the Time the Agreement has ſubſiſted. With reſpect to ſtoring Tea, for which we are blamed, it could not be avoided, as you will be convinced by peruſing the Act of 11th George 1ſt, Chap. 30, S. 8, which expreſly prohibits its being returned, upon Pain of Forfeiture. As to re-ſhipping the Goods imported contrary to the Agreement, we were as early in that Meaſure as you were, of which your Committee were duly notified. As to the Goods lately imported contrary to the Agreement, we adviſed your Committee reſpecting this Matter, and though we at firſt thought there would have been ſufficient to have loaded near two Veſſels, yet, upon Examination, we found, that there was not enough to load one, and they were re-ſhipped by Capt. Scott; ſome few have been imported ſince, and are now in Store, ready for re-ſhipping by the firſt Opportunity.---It is true, that one or two of the Importers received their Goods into their own Cuſtody, upon their firſt Arrival, as they abſolutely refuſed to re-ſhip them, but this is not very material, as they have ſince complied, and the Goods are gone back. As to the Goods that were re-delivered, it was agreeable to an expreſs Agreement, of which we informed the Committee, but they were not delivered, as you apprehended, in January, but in May laſt, being the Time when it was expreſly agreed they ſhould be delivered, and we are ſurprized, that any Exception ſhould be taken to this Part of our Conduct, as our Committee ſo fully and candidly acquainted yours with this Step.

With reſpect to the Scotch Ship, that lately arrived, her Cargoe conſiſted chiefly of Coal, ſhe brought a Triſle of Goods, and thoſe, that were contrary to the Agreement, are ready for re-ſhipping. The Merchants here ſay, that they have not allowed any Articles, that they know of, to be imported, but what are permitted to be imported with you; if there ſhould be any Articles admitted with us, that are not admiſſable with you, I apprehend, they would have no Objection to your importing the ſame. With reſpect to your entering into the Agreement haſtily, it is obſerved, that we made the Propoſal early in the Spring, 1768, and your Merchants then refuſed to concur with us; we then, in Auguſt following, determined not to import Goods from Great-Britain (ſome few Articles excepted) till January, 1770, whether the reſt of the Colonies concurred with us or not, and adviſed your Merchants of this Determination.-----It is ſurprizing to the People here, that your Merchants ſhould be ſo diſpoſed to exaggerate Matters, it is certainly for Want of Candor, or duly attending to our peculiarly difficult Situation, or may it not rather be attributed to an over Fondneſs to enter into a general Importation, the dutiable Articles excepted? This the People here think would be fatal at this Juncture.------We every Day expect to hear, that the Duty upon Tea will be taken off; Captain Hall, who is juſt arrived, informs, that one of the principal Cuſtom-houſe Officers at Graveſend, on the firſt of May laſt, deſired him to inform the People at Boſton, that the Duty on Tea would be taken off, and the Commiſſioners recalled; and that the Officer further told him, that he had it that Morning from Lord North. A Veſſel from Falmouth, arrived this Day, the Maſter of which ſays, he heard that Leave was given to bring in a Bill into the Houſe, for repealing the Duty upon Tea. Would it not then be a thouſand Pities, juſt at this Time to give Way? Would it not caſt Shame upon our Friends, and cauſe our Enemies to triumph? Would it not be attended with the worſt of Conſequences? I muſt therefore intreat you would uſe your Influence with your People to hold out without the leaſt Deviation; but in caſe the Duty ſhould not be finally taken off, it will then be Time enough to conſider, whether any, and if any, what Relaxation it may be neceſſary to come into; I am perſuaded our People *then* would by no Means be againſt your importing ſuch Articles as you have ſuggeſted, particularly *Hemp, Powder, Sadlery* and *Hatters Trimmings, Indian Blankets* and *Strouds*; with reſpect to Nails, they can be, and are now made by our People, near as cheap as they can be imported; therefore the Importation of that Article had beſt, if poſſible, be avoided, as, in caſe the Agreement ſhould continue another Year, I am perſuaded that Manufacture might be eſtabliſhed in America. The Importation of coarſe Cloths, of 3/9 per Yard, they would not perhaps object to, but I apprehend, as the Non-importation of this Article greatly and ſeverely affects the Manufacturers at Home, it had better, if poſſible, be perſiſted in.

I am, &c.

Wilmington, July 12, 1770.

NOTICE is hereby given to each and every of the owners and poſſeſſors of Holland's Creek Marſh, oppoſite to the borough of Wilmington, in New Caſtle county, on Delaware, that they do pay for every acre they reſpectively hold therein, unto the ſubſcriber, treaſurer of ſaid company, the ſum of Seven Shillings and Six-pence currency, in three weeks from this date, or otherwiſe ſuffer the penalties in a law, made for that purpoſe, the ſame being a tax now laid for repairing the banks, &c. And thoſe in arrears for taxes heretofore laid, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame, or otherwiſe they may expect to be proceeded againſt according to law, and conſequently have their reſpective ſhares advertiſed, and ſold agreeable thereto.

‡ JOHN WAY.

TO be ſold by public Vendue, on Saturday, the fourth of Auguſt, on the premiſes, a well improved Plantation, containing 200 Acres, named Choat's Contrivance, and Norris's Chance, being within ten Miles of Baltimore-Town, in Maryland, near the main Road leading to York-town, a remarkably pleaſant Situation, having a beautiful and extenſive Proſpect round; there are about 100 Acres of cleared Land under Fence, the Soil excellent for Wheat, and good Corn, ſome Meadow Ground cleared, and more may be made with Eaſe, a good bearing Orchard of ſundry Sorts of good Fruit, on which is a good Dwelling-houſe and Kitchen, a good framed Barn, and ſeveral other convenient Houſes, almoſt new. Any Perſon inclining to view the ſame before the Day of Sale, may apply to the Subſcriber, in Baltimore. Due Attendance will be given, and the Conditions of Sale made known by

‖ MARK ALEXANDER.

For CHARLES-TOWN, *South-Carolina*,

The Brig PRINCE OF WALES, *THOMAS MASON*, MASTER, WILL ſail with all convenient ſpeed, having excellent accommodations for paſſengers. For freight or paſſage, apply to Capt. GEORGE NOARTH, ALEXANDER LUNAN, or the Commander on board, at Thomas Riche's wharff, who has for ſale 20 tons of lignum vitæ, and a few barrels of rice. †

STRAYED away from the ſubſcriber, about the middle of May laſt, a HORSE *and a* MARE, *the horſe is of a bay colour, a mealy noſe, about* 12 *years old, natural pacer, and lame in the off hind foot; the mare is of a dun colour, has a light coloured mane and tail, is a natural trotter, and about* 5 *years old; both ſmall. Whoever takes up ſaid creatures, and brings them home, or ſends word, ſo that the owner may have them again, ſhall have Fifteen Shillings reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by the ſubſcriber, living near Chriſtine creek, between Wilmington and Newport, New-Caſtle county.* REBECCAH LOW. ‡

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Friday, the 27th day of July, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Third-ſtreet, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth 26 feet, and in depth 100 feet; bounded northward and ſouthward by ground of John Knowles, weſtward by ground late of Samuel Powell, deceaſed, and eaſtward by Third-ſtreet aforeſaid, having two brick, and one frame tenements erected thereon; ſubject to a groundrent of 20 l. Pennſylvania currency, per annum, which may be purchaſed off by Fifty Pounds payments; late the eſtate of John Webb; ſeized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Tueſday, the 31ſt of July, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, four certain tracts or parcels of land, ſituate in Whitemarſh townſhip, one of them containing 18 acres and 26 perches, great part whereof is woodland, having a wooden tenement erected thereon; bounded by the great road, land of George Ehman, land late of John Charleſworth, deceaſed, and the next deſcribed lot. One other of them containing 17 acres and 38 perches; bounded by the ſaid road, land of Merchant Mauſsby, land late of John Charleſworth, deceaſed, and the above deſcribed lot. One other of them containing 13 acres 3 quarters and 2 perches, having a ſmall tenement erected thereon; bounded by land of David Acup, Merchant Mauſsby, and the ſaid road. And the other of them containing 13 acres 3 quarters, and 14 perches, having a ſpring-houſe thereon; bounded by lands of George Ehman, David Acup, and the ſaid road; late the eſtate of Jacob Houſe; ſeized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Wedneſday, the 1ſt of Auguſt, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Jacob Heiſler, in Gwinedd townſhip, a certain wooden tenement and plantation, or tract of land, ſituate in Gwinedd townſhip aforeſaid, containing 150 acres, or thereabouts; bounded by land of Evan Ellis, Rowland Ellis, and others; late the eſtate of Robert Ellis; ſeized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 2d of Auguſt, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Conrad Zimmerman, in Marlborough townſhip, all the eſtate, right, title and intereſt of DAVID GERICH, of, in and to a certain ſtone meſſuage, barn, and tract or piece of land, ſituate in Marlborough townſhip aforeſaid, containing 125 acres, or thereabouts; bounded by lands of Martin Reyer, Conrad Zimmerman, Caſper Henderleiter, and Ludwick Herſh; and of, in and to a certain tract of woodland, containing about 30 acres, adjoining the above tract, and lands of John Bachman, and Ludwick Herſh; ſeized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Monday, the 6th day of Auguſt, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, a certain ſtone meſſuage, out-houſes, and plantation or tract of land, ſituate in Providence townſhip, containing 55 acres, and 35 perches, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by lands of Nicholas Bunn, John Pennebaker, Oliver Pennebaker, and John Bawtler. A certain other meſſuage and plantation, or tract of land, ſituate in Providence townſhip aforeſaid, containing 46 acres; bounded by lands of David Davis, George Greſſman, and by Gilbert's Manor. And a certain other meſſuage, and two contiguous tracts of land, ſituate in Providence townſhip aforeſaid, one of them containing 61 acres, and 140 perches; the other containing 3 acres, and 76 Perches; bounded by the great road, and lands of Henry Deringer, John Hendricks, John Pennebaker, and others; late the eſtate of Daniel Reeſe; ſeized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Tueſday, the 7th of Auguſt, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Philip Dotterer, in Limerick townſhip, a certain meſſuage or tenement, and plantation or tract of land, ſituate in Limerick townſhip aforeſaid, containing 152 acres, or thereabouts, be the ſame more or leſs; bounded by the great road leading from Philadelphia to Faulkner's Swamp, and by lands of James Brooks, Herman Newman, Martin Calf, and others; late the eſtate of John Eckis; ſeized and taken in execution by

JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 9th of Auguſt, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of William Lawrence, in Plymouth townſhip, a certain tract of land, ſituate in Whitpain townſhip, containing 30 acres (part of a 50 acre tract) bounded by lands of John Saunders, Samuel Glaſgow, and John Eddrige; late the eſtate of Iſaac Williams, of Whitpain, deceaſed; ſeized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

RUN away the firſt of July at Night, from the Subſcriber, living in Upper Makefield, Bucks County, Pennſylvania, a native Iriſhman, named RICHARD BURK, otherwiſe JOHN COSTLY, has been 6 Years in the Country, ſpeaks much on the Brogue, and often uſes the Word Sir when he ſpeaks; had on, when he went away, an Aſh coloured Jacket, and brown Linen Trowſers, a Hat much worn, is a great Smoaker, a middle ſized Fellow, and has ſhort black Hair. Whoever ſecures him in any Goal, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have Thirty Shillings Reward, and reaſonable Charges, paid by JOHN BEAUMONT. ‖

N. B. His Wife is at my Houſe, and much deſires to ſee him.

BROKE out, the 27th of laſt June, from a paſture adjoining Third-ſtreet, near Maſters's mill, a four year old MARE, about 14 hands high, in colour between a dark cheſtnut, and a ſorrel, has a long neck, holds her head high, has ſome mixture of the Engliſh breed, and a good deal of that appearance. She has no white about her, without there may be ſome few hairs near her off hind hoof. She has a ſprightly look, is ſpringy, trots and gallops pretty well, moves her fore feet in a ſtrait line, and her buttocks are ſtrong, and wide apart. It is ſuppoſed ſhe would go towards Northwales, where ſhe was bred, if not interrupted. Whoever will bring the ſaid MARE to the Indian King, in Market-ſtreet, ſhall have TWENTY SHILLINGS reward. †

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 19th of July, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of James Black, in the diſtrict of Southwark, a certain lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Third-ſtreet continued, in the diſtrict of Southwark, containing in breadth 24 feet, and in depth 60 feet, having two frame tenements erected thereon, bounded eaſtward with Third-ſtreet aforeſaid, northward and weſtward with ground of Thomas Lightfoot, and ſouthward by ground of Robert Black; ſubject to a groundrent of Four Pounds, Pennſylvania currency, per annum; late the eſtate of Andrew Hayward, ſeized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, *Sheriff.*

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Friday, the 20th of July, at 6 o'clock in the evening, at the houſe of Martin Kreider, at the ſign of the Swan, in Second-ſtreet, a certain two ſtory frame tenement, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the weſt ſide of Front-ſtreet continued, in the Northern Liberties of the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth on ſaid ſtreet 20 feet, and in depth about 155 feet, bounded eaſtward by Front-ſtreet aforeſaid, ſouthward by ground of Nicholas Young, weſtward by ground of JoſephRuſh, and northward by ground of Adam Erbin, ſubject to a groundrent of Five Pounds ſterling per annum; late the eſtate of Paul Bogar, deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Thurſday, the 19th of July, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of James Black, in the diſtrict of Southwark, a certain frame tenement, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate in the diſtrict of Southwark, on the ſouth ſide of Shippen-ſtreet, containing in breadth on ſaid ſtreet 40 feet, and in depth 180 feet, be the ſame more or leſs, bounded eaſtward by ground of Joſhua Moore, ſouthward by ground late of John Armitt, deceaſed, weſtward by a lot whereon the Preſbyterian Meeting-houſe is erected, and northward by Shippen-ſtreet aforeſaid, ſubject to a groundrent of Five Spaniſh Piſtoles per annum.

A certain other lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Shippen-ſtreet aforeſaid, containing in breadth 18 feet 6 inches, and in depth 180 feet, or thereabouts, bounded eaſtward by the aforeſaid Meeting-houſe lot, ſouthward by ground late of John Armitt, deceaſed, weſtward by ground of Iſaac Telfair and wife, and northward by Shippen-ſtreet aforeſaid, ſubject to a groundrent of Two Spaniſh Piſtoles, and Three Quarters of a Piſtole, per annum.

And two certain unfiniſhed frame tenements, and lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the ſouth ſide of Chriſtian-ſtreet, in the diſtrict of Southwark aforeſaid, containing in breadth on ſaid ſtreet 40 feet, and in depth 199 feet, or thereabouts, bounded northward by ſaid Chriſtian-ſtreet, eaſtward by ground of Peter Cokendorf, ſouthward by ground of Thomas Wharton, ſenior, weſtward by ground of the Sweedes congregation; ſubject to a groundrent of Four Pounds, Pennſylvania currency, per annum; late the eſtate of Iſaac Duncan, deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on Monday, the 23d of July, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the London Coffee-houſe, a certain water lot or piece of ground, ſituate on the eaſt ſide of Water-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut and Walnut-ſtreets, in the city of Philadelphia, containing in breadth about 21 feet, and extending into the river Delaware, to the extent of 250 feet from the eaſt ſide of Front-ſtreet, bounded ſouthward by a meſſuage and lot of Robert Owen, eaſtward by the ſaid river, northward by a meſſuage and lot, late of James Murgatroyd, deceaſed, and weſtward by Water-ſtreet aforeſaid. On which ſaid lot are erected, a three ſtory brick meſſuage, a bake-houſe, about 52 feet deep, and two ſtories high, a red frame ſtore, two ſtories high, a ſtone cooper's ſhop, and a wharff the whole breadth of the ſaid lot, ſubject to a groundrent of 5l. 8s. Pennſylvania currency, per annum; late the eſtate of Aaron Jenkins, deceaſed, ſeized and taken in execution by JOSEPH REDMAN, Sheriff.

Bucks County, June 25, 1770.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the 23d of July, at 2 o' clock in the afternoon, at the houſe of Nicholas Patterſon, Inn-keeper, in Tinecum townſhip, a certain meſſuage, plantation, and tract of land, ſituate in the townſhip aforeſaid, bounded by lands of John Kelly, James Wallace, John Hall, James Smith, and others; containing about 155 acres, with the appurtenances, having thereon erected, a good houſe, barn, orchard, and other improvements; late the property of Robert Hutchinſon; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by

† JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff.

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the 24th of July inſtant, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, a certain piece or parcel of land, ſituate in the townſhip of Makefield, bounded by land of Benjamin Taylor, William Sergeant, Robert Merrick, and others, containing about 52 acres, with the appurtenances; late the property of George Clift; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff. ‖

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the 25th day of July, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, on the premiſes, a certain meſſuage, plantation, and tract of land, ſituate in the townſhip of Northampton, bounded by land of Simon Vanoſdalen, Abraham Vanhorn, and Joſeph Linton, containing about 200 acres, with the appurtenances, whereon is erected a good ſtone houſe, barn, orchard, and other valuable improvements; late the property of James Dyer, ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff. ¶

BY virtue of a writ to me directed, will be expoſed to public ſale, on the 28th day of July, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the dwelling-houſe of George Overpeck, Inn-keeper, in the townſhip of Nockamixon, a certain piece or parcel of land, ſituate in the townſhip aforeſaid, bounded by land of Samuel Wilſon, George Cole, Michael Meſſer, and others, containing about 50 acres, with the appurtenances, 20 acres of which is cleared, and two may be made good meadow; late the property of George Mackleroy; ſeized and taken in execution, and to be ſold by JOSEPH ELLICOTT, Sheriff. ‖

CAME to the plantation of PATRICK KELLY, in Londonderry townſhip, Lancaſter county, on the 5th day of Sixth Month, a black HORSE, about 14 or 15 hands high, with a ſtar in his forehead, a white foot, branded on the near buttock with the letter M, ſhod on the hind feet, a natural pacer, thought to be about 10 or 12 years old. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. ¶

Kent County, Maryland, June 19, 1770.

RUN away from the ſubſcribers, on Sunday, the 17th inſtant, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Daniel Downs, about 30 years of age, a thick clumſey fellow; had on, when went away, a brown coloured coat, well worn, mixed linſey jacket, ſtriped linen trowſers, blue and white yarn ſtockings, old ſhoes, check ſhirt, and a felt hat. Went off with him, the ſame day, from Joannas Glann, an Iriſh ſervant lad, about 5 feet 9 inches high, a ſlim fellow, red complexion; had on, when he went away, a blue broadcloth coat, a ſtriped linen jacket, ozenbrigs ſhirt and trowſers, ſhoes, and ſtockings. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervants, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, if taken in the province; and if out of it, Forty Shillings, paid by

§ 7/6. JOANNAS GLANN, WILLIAM QUILLEN.

TWENTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, a Negroe man, named Sharper, *a ſhort, thick, well-ſet fellow, his clothes uncertain; he formerly belonged to Robert M'Lonan, in New-Caſtle; he has got a piece of writing drawn, ſetting forth, that I ſold him to Samuel Shoemaker, Eſq; Mayor of Philadelphia; by which Means he has impoſed on ſeveral that knew him to be my Property. Any perſon lodging ſaid Negroe in any of his Majeſty's goals, or otherwiſe ſecures him, ſo that I may get him, ſhall have the above reward. Likewiſe run away from the ſubſcriber, an old Negroe man, named* Philip. *Whoever ſecures ſaid fellow, ſhall be handſomely rewarded, by*

THOMAS LENNON. ¶

N. B. As I live a ſmall diſtance from town, by applying to Mr. TIMOTHY CARROLL, Merchant, at the corner of Cheſtnut-ſtreet, in Water-ſtreet, Philadelphia, will be properly directed.

WANTED,

A SOBER diſcreet WOMAN, that is capable of taking Care of a ſmall Farm-houſe, and three young Children. Enquire of JOSEPH DONALDSON, or BENJAMIN FULLER. *Philadelphia, July 9, 1770.*

TO BE LETT,

And may be entered on immediately, either on Shares, or at an annual Rent, for a Year, or longer Term,

A FULLING-MILL, with the Utenſils proper for carrying on the Buſineſs, ſituate in the County of Glouceſter, and Province of New-Jerſey, about 8 Miles from the Town of Glouceſter, and at the Head of Timber Creek. The Buſineſs of Fulling and Dying have been carried on at ſaid Mill, for 40 Years paſt, and is therefore well accuſtomed, being in a thick ſettled Part of the Country. Enquire of RANDALL MARSHALL, on the Premiſes. ¶

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of John Kaighn, late of Newtown, in the County of Glouceſter, and Weſtern Diviſion of the Province of New-Jerſey, Practitioner in Phyſic, deceaſed, are required to make immediate Payment of ſuch their reſpective Debts, or they may depend on being proceeded againſt according to Law; and thoſe who have any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to bring in their Accounts, properly atteſted, to JOSEPH KAIGHN, Execut. §

Now Selling at PRIME COST,

A LARGE and general Aſſortment of Millinery and Linen-drapery Goods, by ANNE PEARSON, Milliner, between Cheſtnut and Walnut-ſtreets, in Second-ſtreet, who hereby begs Leave to inform her Friends, that ſhe intends for London the enſuing Fall, and propoſes to return as ſoon as the Importation is opened, with a freſh Aſſortment of the very beſt and moſt faſhionable Goods. Tbctf.

New-Caſtle Hundred, June 6, 1770.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, the 5th inſtant, an apprentice lad, named STEPHEN PIKE, about 18 years of age; had on, when he went away, an old caſtor hat, with a patch on the crown, light coloured home made jacket, homeſpun ſhirt and trowſers, ſhoes, not fellows, with ſquare braſs buckles; took with him ſome of his maſter's bricklaying tools, has two particular marks on him, to wit, on the inſide of his left knee, the mark of a bile, and on the outſide of his right knee, the mark of a cut of an ax. Whoever apprehends ſaid apprentice lad, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Ten Shillings reward, and all reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by CORNELIUS HAINS. ¶

Philadelphia, June 27, 1770.

RUN away the 23d inſtant, from on board the ſchooner Pennſylvania Farmer, Captain Jeremiah Poulton, now lying at Bright and Pechin's wharff, a NEGROE man, named Lewis, about 30 years of age, about 5 feet 6 inches high, ſlender made, talks bad Engliſh, but ſpeaks good French and Spaniſh; he is very remarkable, by having loſt the uſe of his right thumb, the end of which is cut off; had on, when he went away, a coarſe blue ſailor's jacket. Whoever takes up ſaid negroe, and brings him to the ſubſcribers, ſhall have Twenty Shillings reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by BRIGHT and PECHIN.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to carry him off, or harbour him, at their peril. ¶

Juſt imported, in the ſhip Sharp, Captain Spier, from Glaſgow, and to be ſold by

JAMES STUART,

in Second-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut and Walnut-ſtreet,

A VARIETY of BOOKS, amongſt which are, Clark's family bible, and Pool's anotations, quarto, pocket and ſchool bibles, teſtaments, Erſkine's, Hervey's, and Boſton's works, Brown on the Romans, confeſſions of faith, Stackhouſe's hiſtory and life of Chriſt, Fiſher's catechiſm, Mair's book-keeping, young man's beſt companion, Salmon's grammar, ſpectator, guardian, Tom Jones, Hervey's meditations, goſpel ſonnets, M'Ewen's eſſays, Crawford's dying thoughts, Baxter's call, afflicted man's companion, Marſhall on ſanctification, Muir's ſermons, Thomſon's ſeaſons, Ambroſe looking to Jeſus, and war with the devil, ſpirit of laws, Derham's phyſico theology, Paradiſe loſt, Pilgrim's progreſs, Fordyce's ſermons, Pope's eſſay on man, Gray's works, Joſephus's ditto, Entick's ſpelling dictionary, Rutherford's letters, Hale's contemplations, pſalm books, cloud of witneſſes, King Charles's works, Whitcoat's ditto, Butler's Hudibras, Derham on Iſaiah, Dilworth's ſpelling books, pſalters, primers, and pocket-books. He alſo has a neat aſſortment of cutlery, amongſt which are, table knives and forks, cutteau and piſtol capt knives, variety of Barlow razors and penknives, burnt bone, ſlot and common ditto, ſhears and ſciſſars, combs in caſes, mohair and metal buttons, thread and ſilk ſtockings, wool cards, &c. &c. ¶

IMPORTED in the ſhip Sharp, Captain Speir, from Glaſgow, and to be SOLD by

SEMPLE and BUCHANAN,

(At their STORE in Front-ſtreet, between Mr. John Reynell's and Meſſieurs Willing and Taylor's, and nearly oppoſite to their former warebouſe) An aſſortment of BOOKS; among which are,

BIBLES, teſtaments, prayer and pſalm books; Dilworth's guide, Ebenezer and Ralph Erſkine's ſeveral works; ditto Wiliſon, Boſton, Bunyan, Marſhall, Rutherford, Gray, Ambroſe, Binning, Watſon, Baxter, Lightfoot, Bates, Medes, Hervey, and Doddridge's; Henry's commentary, Burket on the new-teſtament, Boyle's lectures, Cruden's concordance, Brown on the Romans, Hallyburton's and Elizabeth Weſt's memoirs, Wellwood's glimpſe of glory, Clark's ſermons, ditto on the being of a God, Whitby on the five points, Shepherd on the parables, Watſon's body of divinity, Brook's cabinet of jewels, Joſephus's works, Derham's ditto, religious courtſhip, confeſſions of faith, aſſembly catechiſms, Prideaux's connections, Carmichael's ſermons, Stackhouſe's life of Chriſt, Locke on human underſtanding, Fordyce's ſermons, Smollet's hiſtory of England, hiſtory of Charles the 12th, Robertſon's hiſtory of Scotland, Crookſhank's hiſtory of the church of Scotland, cloud of witneſſes, hiſtory of the Scotch rebellion, Shafteſbury's characteriſticks, marrow of modern divinity, Poſtlethwayt's dictionary of trade and commerce, Johnſon's dictionary, Bailey's ditto, Salmon's geographical grammar, Van Swieten's commentary, 14 vols. Mead's medical precepts, anatomy epitomized, Arbuthnot on elements, American negociator, Simſon's euclid, Lady Montague's letters, Mrs. Rowe's letters, Thomſon's ſeaſons, Hale's contemplations, Clark's family bible, Weſley on original ſin, Guiſe's ſermons, Seneca's morals, Cambray on eloquence, Rollin's belles lettres, Fiſher's arithmetick, Fletcher's works, Marſay's ſpiritual life, Beveridge's thoughts, Jamiſon's eſſays, Muir's ſermons, ſpectator, guardian, rambler, pleaſing inſtructor, Cato's letters, Milton's works, Britiſh grammar, M'Ewen on the types, and his eſſays, Witherſpoon's ſermons and eſſays, Young's works, Garrick's ditto, Pope's iliad and odyſſey, Clariſſa, Tom Jones, Swift's letters, Roderick Random, Barclay's apology, Watts's logic, Chamberlain's preſent ſtate, Jenks's meditations, Brown on liberty, Mair's book-keeping, memoirs of Brandenburgh, univerſal letter writer, Virgil in uſum delphini, Horace, Homer's odyſſey, 2 vols. Schrivelius's lexicon, Kent's Lucian, Cicero in uſum delphini, Greek teſtaments, ſelectæ hiſtoriæ, Mair's introduction to the making of latin, latin grammars, ſmall Virgils, Cæſar's commentary, Ruddiman's rudiments, Dunlap's Greek grammar, Eutropius, Cornelius Nepos, ſmall Horaces, Corderies, with a variety of chapman books, religious and hiſtorical, novels, plays, &c. &c. As they purpoſe chiefly ſelling their books by the quantity, and as the moſt of them are ſuitable for the country, ſtore-keepers may depend on being reaſonably ſupplied. They have alſo a few dry goods remaining, viz. Scotch threads, clear lawns and handkerchiefs, ſilk gauzes, cotton counterpanes, ſtocking breeches patterns, Scots hollands, demities, jeans, worſted, cotton and thread ſtockings, worſted and ſilk mitts, mens and womens white ſilk gloves, Turkey ſtripes, camp ovens, Scotch hones, and real Scotch ſnuff, &c.

On Friday, the 20th of July, at Six o'Clock in the Evening, at the Houſe of JAMES NEVELL, at the Sign of the Rainbow, in the Northern Liberties, will be expoſed to public Sale, if not before diſpoſed of by private Sale,

A Certain well finiſhed two Story Brick MESSUAGE and Lot of GROUND, ſituate in the Northern Liberties aforeſaid, on the Weſt Side of Second-ſtreet continued, containing in Breadth 20 Feet, and in Depth 230 Feet, to a 40 Feet Alley, running from Browne-ſtreet to Poplar-lane. The Houſe contains 19 Feet Front, with the Privilege of a three Feet Alley, and of a Pump near the ſaid Lot; bounded eaſtward, by Second, ſtreet aforeſaid, ſouthward, by a Lot now or late of Jacob Nickweſtward, by the ſaid 40 Feet Alley, and northward, by a Lot late of William Faries; ſubject to a Groundrent of Four Pounds, Pennſylvania Currency, per Annum. For further Particulars, enquire of JAMES CASSELL.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Uwchland townſhip, Cheſter county, Pennſylvania, the 12th day of Auguſt laſt, an Iriſh ſervant man, named Daniel Leary, a thick well ſet fellow, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, ſhort black hair, grey eyes, 22 years of age, thin black beard, large noſe, ſpeaks much on the brogue, apt to ſwear, when ſpoken to, in reply generally ſays what; he has a cut upon the root of one of his thumbs, alſo a large ſcar of a cut near the inſtep of one of his legs, reaches near the ancle; had on, and took with him, a half-worn felt hat, a good new blue coat, lined with blue ſhalloon, and breeches of the ſame, a ſtriped jacket, with the ſtripes acroſs, a black half-worn ſilk handkerchief, a pair of trowſers, with two large white metal buttons to the waiſtband, two ſhirts of Ruſſia ſheeting, a pair of old ſilk ſtockings, ſpeckled, alſo a pair of white thread and cotton ſtockings, old ſhoes, and large copper buckles. It is ſuppoſed he has got a paſs, with William Moore Eſquire's name to it, at Moore-hall, and it is ſuppoſed he has changed his name to Daniel Shaw. Whoever ſecures the ſaid ſervant in any goal, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have Four Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN PHIPPS. §

RUN away the 20th of May, from the ſubſcriber, a ſervant man, named Daniel Thomas, he ſays that he is an Iriſhman, but I am firmly of opinion that he is country born, a cunning fellow, about 21 years of age, middle ſize, but very fat and clumſy, pretends he has been ſick, which was the occaſion of his becoming a ſervant; I am informed that Michael Duffey, who ſold him to me, gave him a writing before they parted, which makes me think they have combined together to defraud me; had on, a drab coloured cloth jacket, an old white ſhirt, a wool hat, new tow trowſers, and old ſhoes, with ſteel buckles in them. He ſays he has lived in New-Caſtle county, and never was but once in Philadelphia, though the man who ſold him to me, told other people, that he had lived in Philadelphia a conſiderable time. Any perſon who ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that I may get him again, ſhall receive Five Pounds reward, and reaſonable charges, from his maſter, living in Weſt-Nantmell, Cheſter county. PETER HUNTER. §

TWENTY DOLLARS Reward.

RUN away, on the 22d of April laſt, from the ſubſcriber, living in Kennet townſhip, Cheſter county, a native Iriſh ſervant man, named RICHARD SHEE, about 40 years of age, pitted with the ſmall-pox, a ſtout well ſet fellow, about 5 feet 8 or 10 inches high, has loſt one joint of his right hand thumb, very talkative, and much given to ſtrong liquor; had on, when he went away, an old blue ſurtout coat, an old grey coat, a new flaxen ſhirt, an old beaver hat, ſhort curled hair, a ſtriped jacket, tow trowſers, old pumps, with but one buckle; has a good deal of the brogue on his tongue, ſome grey hairs on his head, ſays he underſtands breaking of horſes.---He is ſuppoſed to have gone in company with one Daniel Coil, a luſty well ſet man, about 21 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, and full freſh faced. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Richard Shee, in any of his Majeſty's goals, or brings him to me, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by ROBERT WAY.

*** All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril. †

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE plantation, ſituate in Londonderry townſhip, Cheſter county, containing 330 acres of good freſh land, about 150 acres of upland lately cleared, 30 acres of well watered meadow, and 15 more can be very eaſily made; and convenient to water; there is water in each field, for the benefit of cattle, when at paſture; there is on ſaid plantation a good ſquare log-houſe, lately raiſed, 30 feet ſquare, 2 ſtories high, with 4 rooms on each floor, and a cellar under the whole, with 2 good convenient chimnies to ſaid houſe, and a large kitchen, a barn, 70 feet in length, 25 in breadth, of good peeled cheſtnut logs, with 2 ſtables, ſufficient to contain 12 horſes, and a frame ſhed, 150 feet round ſaid barn; there is a good ſaw-mill, and plenty of good timber, fit for ſawing; there is alſo on ſaid place two good bearing orchards, containing 130 trees each, of the beſt grafted fruit, and a young orchard, containing 130 trees, planted three years ago, with three good dwelling-houſes on ſaid plantation, and an indiſputable title for the ſame. Any perſon or perſons inclined to purchaſe ſaid place, may apply to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes. Said plantation lies within 17 miles of Newport, within 2 or 3 miles of ſeveral merchant mills.

§ WILLIAM GRAHAMS.

IF PATRICK LOCKARD (Son of *Aaron Lockard*, late of Abington Townſhip, Philadelphia County, deceaſed) who inliſted about three Years ago in his Majeſty's Service at Philadelphia, will come to *John Shoemaker*, Miller in Cheltenham Townſhip, Philadelphia County, he may hear of ſomething conſiderably to his Advantage. But if he be dead, any Perſon informing ſaid *Shoemaker* of his Death, the Circumſtances he was in, and whether he left a Widow and Children, or either of them, ſhall be generouſly rewarded.

All Perſons who have any Demands againſt the Eſtate of *Aaron Lockard*, late of Abington, in the County of Philadelphia, deceaſed, are deſired to bring them in to the Subſcribers, properly atteſted, in order for Settlement: And all Perſons any way indebted to ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make immediate Payment, otherwiſe they may expect to be compelled thereto by a Courſe of Law. ELISABETH LOCKARD, JOHN SHOEMAKER, Adminiſtrat. ‡

Marcus-Hook, May 28, 1770.

To be LETT, and entered upon immediately.

A Genteel HOUSE in Marcus-Hook, with Stores, Stable, Garden and Orchard, now in the Tenure of Andrew Forſyth; the Houſe is ſituated in the Middle of the Town, and the beſt calculated for a Store of any Houſe in the Place, having a Shop ready fitted up with Shelves and Counter. There are Stores alſo for Salt and Corn. For Particulars apply to *Richard Riely*, Eſq; and *Eliſabeth Williams*, in Marcus-Hook, or *Nathaniel Brown*, in Race-ſtreet, Philadelphia. ‡

To be SOLD, or RENTED,

And may be entered on the firſt day of April next,

A CERTAIN two ſtory ſtone meſſuage, or tenement, ſituate on the weſterly ſide of Germantown main ſtreet, or great road, now in the tenure and occupation of Nicholas Bergendollar, Inn-keeper; its ſituation is pleaſant, in a noted public place, very convenient for a ſtore, or tavern, the latter of which is now, and hath for many years paſt been kept, and known by the Sign of the White Lamb; there are likewiſe very convenient ſtone ſtables, ſhed, barn, and kitchen, all in good tenantable order, a good well of excellent never-failing water, and young bearing orchard. The title is indiſputable. For terms of ſale, apply to PETER WITHINGTON, of Berks county, SAMUEL MILES, Merchant, of Philadelphia, or to MARTIN SHOWAKER, of Creeſem, in Germantown townſhip, and they may be known. ¶ 6/.